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Daily Egyptian Staff

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City defeats ordinance to ban non-returnables

By Pat Ellis
Daily Egyptian Staff Writer

The Carbondale City Council Tuesday night defeated by a vote of 4-1 a proposal to ban certain non-returnable beverage containers. Councilman George Karnes registered the only supporting vote.

Before the vote was taken, City Manager William Schmidt recommended the Council consider environmental legislation similar to that recently passed in the state of Oregon. Similar ordinance, he said, would place a mandatory refund value on certain beverage containers. Whether or not they are designated returnable Distributors would be required to accept containers, including cans, glass or plastic bottles of the type not returned.

Under the Oregon based ordinance, containers originally sold in Carbondale would now be standardized to have a refund value in order to prevent outsiders from "dumping" their containers in Carbondale to receive refunds.

In his statement, Schmidt said he would schedule a carrot ordinance as a discussion item on the next regular Council meeting agenda.

Mayor Neale said before the vote the community's interest in the ordinance precluded the possibility of delaying a decision. He said they had already voted no on the ordinance because he did not believe banning non-returnable containers would keep consumers from discarding the non-returnable ones.

Karnes, who said himself had engaged in "bottle and can counting" in the area, said the price for discarding bottles and cans is "going to have to be paid by someone.'

Police officers testify shooting in self-defense

By Dale McConnaghay
Daily Egyptian Staff Writer

The three witnesses for the state were sworn in Tuesday to testify in the prosecution opened its case against three defendants accused in the Nov. 12 shooting at 401 N. Washington St., Carbondale.

Hunziker and Rogers said they had been relieved of duty at the SHU and were approaching the intersection of Grand Avenue and the Flyway when a black vehicle drove by.

Rogers acknowledged that the van was abandoned or that it's owner might have been in trouble.

Both officers testified that they followed the van and that it was heading north on Route 111. Rogers' car's headlights on the van's lights were never turned on. Either parked or ahead of the van.

Both officers testified that they followed the van and that it was heading north on Route 111. Rogers acknowledged that the van was abandoned or that its owner might have been in trouble.

Gus Bode

Sex discrimination probe opens

By Gus Bode
Daily Egyptian Staff Writer

The compliance review team from the U.S. Department of Education and Welfare (DEW) will interview tomorrow University Professor Marine Canul Amerson, of sex discrimination Wednesday morning.

The team will return in the middle of September to investigate cases filed by other faculty members. It also will review the conditions of all women employees, including faculty, staff and civil service personnel at this time according to Esther Lardent, leader of the team which will investigate SHU.

It has been reported that more than 178 women faculty members have filed with the Civil Rights Division of DEW. Mrs. Lardent said the investigation will make its findings on the case in about a month, but she said this varies with each case.

Mrs. Canul-Amerson is a professor of applied science in the School of Engineering and Technology until her resignation was accepted by the Board of Trustees at its July 16 meeting.

Aside from her disputed resignation which she says she never intended to make, she claims the University discriminated against her because of sex in denying her a summer position and in regard to her salary, which she says was substantially less than those of male professors in the school.

The team will meet with Mrs. Canul-Amerson and will interview with various University administrators. Mrs. Lardent said the team's exact schedule has not been determined yet and appointments will be made when they arrive.

SII tuition increases may not be affected by wage-price freeze

By Sue Ball
Daily Egyptian Staff Writer

University officials are still uncertain of the exact impact of Nixon's wage and price freeze on tuition and other matters at SHU, although spokesmen for Student Government and the Treasury said Tuesday that college expenses would not be exempted from the freeze.

The Associated Press quoted James Laughlin, director of the Illinois Board of Higher Education, as saying the consumer price indexes are the only true measure of inflation and that annual increases are not barred by the President's order.

"We will proceed with the tuition increases on that basis," Holdeman said.

T. Richard Mager, SHU legal counsel, said that until the Department of Commerce had the authority to interpret the President's order, it was not known whether the freeze limits their increments are not barred by the President's order.

Mager said that until more specific word is received from the Department of Commerce, no changes in the wage-price freeze from the President or the Cost of Living Council, an agency established by

"Just what is a substantial volume of transactions," Mager asked city staff.

Mager said that about 5,300 students had paid tuition prior to Monday and about the same number of students had made payments on housing contracts.

He pointed out that the 5,000 some students who had paid housing payments constituted a greater proportion of the total number of students with housing contracts than did the 5,000 some students who had paid tuition.

Since the question of raising and lowering fees is uncertain, he said the exact amount of the allowance cannot be exactly determined.

In the event that tuition increases did fail under the wage-price freeze, Layzer said that refunds would be given to students who have already paid their tuition and fees for fall.

Resources for the Future

Can economists internalize agriculture environmental externalities?

Michael Brewer, president of Resources for the Future, give insight to the problem during a seminar presented by the American Agricultural Economics Association in the Student Center Wednesday. See story on page two. (Photo by Mike Allen)
Use of chemicals in farming perplexing to ag economists

The use of insecticides, pesticides, and herbicides is a critical problem for future agricultural economists and must soon be con-
trolled.

This and several other critical problems were discussed by Paul Brewer during a seminar paper presentation to a group of people in the Student Center Ballroom Thursday.

The presentation was part of the Associates for Agriculture's International Association's national conference.

Brewer is president of the California Resources for the Future.

Brewer's paper attempted to identify a set of problems in agricultural and environmental quality.

These are problems with which U.S. policy will have to cope if we are to achieve a socially desirable allocation of resources within the agriculture sector of the economy.

Unfortunately, some policy problems reflect physical and social processes which have been with us for some time.

The "critical problems," as stated by Brewer, are residual problems, problems of preservation of rural amenities, institutional problems and capital needs, management of agricultural and environmental resources.

According to Brewer, residual problems are those arising from the use of insecticides, pesticides and fungicides. These chemicals in pesticides present perhaps the most critical residual problem in contemporary U.S. agriculture, he said.

"Many critics of the chemical industry have long expressed concern that chemical substance have proven to be extremely persistent. Unfortunately, some policy problems need to be taken on at the present point in time and carried out through economic means or some combination," Brewer said.

In respect to the preservation of rural amenities, Brewer said, "Rural environments not only provide one's state and personal income for food and fiber production. They also provide for the free market in services which can be consumed with no cost."
Court hears police testimony at trial

(continued from page 3)

Cariho Police Sergeant Steve Smith admitted that he was parked on the 300 block of East Oak Street at approximately 11:30 a.m. that morning. The SIU police report that Smith was being tailed north.

Smith said that there was an "ex- plosive argument" in the car and that he was shot. Smith added that an officer had been shot earlier.

They returned to their car and fainted for help.

The SIU police report that Smith was being tailed north.

Smith said that as he was being driven to the hospital, three shots were fired at the car which injured another of the men.

Smith was reportedly treated at Doctor's Hospital for stab wounds in the lower lip and released.

Testimony in the case began Tuesday following six days of jury selection. A final panel of five jurors and two alternate jurors were selected Monday afternoon.

The defendants are Milton Boyd, 20, of Chicago; and James E. Holley, Sr., and Leonard Thomas, Sr., both of Carbondale.

Each is charged with seven counts of attempted murder, seven counts of aggravated assault, one count of criminal damage to property and one count of mail fraud.

Government employs wage freeze status to be set

WASHINGTON (AP) — Whether the 10-day wage-price freeze blocks pay increases for teachers, policemen and other state, local and federal government employees will be reviewed by President Nixon's Council of Economic Advisors, who announced late Tuesday.

An OEO spokesman said the agency hopes for a decision Wednesday.

The spokesman said his announce- ment was prompted by published reports that such a freeze would be exempt from the freeze. The

question is of concern especially to thousands of teachers whose contracts call for scheduled pay raises effective when the school year begins in September.

The published reports apparently were based on a question-and-answer release issued by OEO earlier in the afternoon.

This seemed to mean that the decision in wage-price cases would be up to state and local authorities, but the OEO spokesman said "There has been no decision on any kind" on the matter.

Cosmetology graduation set

School of Advanced Cosmetology
Dinner-graduation, 6 p.m.
University Center Ballroom B.

Vocational or educational coun- seling for students: RMS S. Washington, phone 536-3956.

Alpha Kappa Alpha Meeting: 7 p.m., Student Center Activitiy Room A.

Alumni Committee Meeting: 7 p.m.

Morrill Library Auditorium

Services planned for accident victim

Funeral services for Marcus Earl Fitzgerald, SIU: room from Herrin: who was killed in a motorcycle ac- cident Monday; will be held at 1:30 p.m. Thursday in the Herrin United Methodist Church, 801 S. 14th St.

The Rev. Edward E. Souther will conduct the services. Interment will be in the Herrin City Cemetery. Visitation will be at Johnson's Funeral Home; Herrin, after 4 p.m.

Give us a dollar & we'll give you over three dollars worth back......

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DRACULA

AUGUST 20, 21, 22 8:00PM

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SOUTHERN ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY
AT CARBONDALE
Opinion

The peanut panic is upon us

Until someone intervenes, consumer demand is predicted to drive the manufacturers of peanut butter crazy in their attempt to keep up with the world's voracious appetite for that month-filling aphrodisiac: That's right—aphrodisiac. It has just surfaced in the diet of Johannesburg, South Africa, that the old peanut has some powers that George Washington Carver never dreamed of.

Miss Ruth C. Waterfield, the headmistress of Phoenix Girls' High School in Johannesburg, has taken upon her scholarly shoulders to protect her female students from the evil effects of the irresistible habit of bannaing peanut butter sandwiches and actually popping peanuts into their sweet innocent mouths. The boys of Johannesburg should only be so lucky.

Of course, it is only a matter of time before concerned citizens in the United States react to the danger of peanut butter. Congress will no doubt interpret this new finding as being one of the important root causes of the population explosion and of what has been termed the "Sexual Revolution" allegedly running rampant among members of the "New Generation.

The House Committee for Internal Affairs will have to study the problem, of course. One of their best witnesses promises to be Mrs. Sarah Muleshe, an experienced witness from South Africa. Supporting Miss Waterfield, she has already stated: "It's true peanuts make you sexy. Peanuts are good for married people. But if you are not married and you eat a lot of peanuts, you will become very naughty."

It seems likely that Congress will then take its cue from Mrs. Muleshe and enact stringent laws governing the growing, processing, packaging, buying, and selling of the peanut and its by-products. Even the leaves and flowers will not escape the attention of our congressmen, since everyone knows that American youth will smokel anything they can get their hands on.

A new arm of the FBI, called the PBIB (Peanut Bureau of Investigation) will have to be established to deal with this undoubtedly Communist-inspired menace, and undercover agents will be all over the place trying to buy a jar from enterprising but dainty混合 members of the aphrodisiac. The American Peanut Protection Society will be formed as an offshoot of Zero Population Growth, and Madison Avenue's advertising geniuses will be called upon to aid in the protection of our young. Perhaps our radio and television stations across the land will donate five million dollars to stamp out this evil menace. Their slogan might be: "Only through education can we return to the pure white days of our Puritan forefathers."

Parents will be called upon to keep their peanut butter under lock and key so the kiddies can't get hold of any of the naughty stuff. Children will hear of the evil—and pleasures—of the peanut in sex education classes. If the Puritan fathers of the last generation ever saw fit to establish any worthwhile sex education classes, and it will be impressed on them that one should never eat a peanut until one is safely married. Churches will resound with the thundering oratory of priests, ministers and rabbis decrying peanut butter in special exhortations called "peanut sermons."

Only physicians in good standing with the American Medical Association and licensed under the Peanut Prohibition Act will be allowed to prescribe peanuts for their patients, and only licensed pharmacists—who will have to take an extra year of schooling on preparing peanuts—will be allowed to make and sell peanut butter. Peanut packers will have to take loyalty oaths and pass monthly lie detector examinations, as will doctors, pharmacists and anyone else who handles peanuts or who might have or come upon the knowledge—classified "Top Secret"—to make peanut butter.

It will be an uphill fight—but we can win. Americans! We owe it to our children to protect them from peanut butter (that way we can have it all to ourselves). If we stick together, we can all lick peanut butter.

Dennis Kline
Student Writer

Letters to the editor

Feiffer

No Christmas cards

To the Daily Egyptian

Open letter to the Administration:

Since we are in a period of austerity and the University is looking for ways to cut the budget, we would like to suggest that the chancellor (or president) discontinue sending birthday and Christmas cards to University personnel. We would rather have a raise this year than a card marked "permanently," which we are certain was sent out by another secretary.

Carole England and Margaret Russell
Civil Service Employees

Quarter too long

To the Daily Egyptian

We believe that it is time to take a good, hard look at the summer session—particularly at its length. It seems to us that the present summer term is too long and that eight-week sessions are definitely better.

When we had eight-week sessions, we found that the regular courses could be covered readily in the 75-day period. We were able to use the entire time to maintain interest against the recreational attractions of summer for an eight-week session than it is in one that runs as closely as Labor Day. A major advantage of the shorter session is that it provides students and staff a period for taking vacations before the opening of the public schools.

We believe that many of the supposed advantages that were given for adopting the longer session have now been shown to be better and that the shorter session will be a healthier one for all.

W. C. McDaniel
Professor of Mathematics
W. C. McDaniel
Professor of Mathematics

Power clarified

To the Daily Egyptian

In Mr. McCracken's editorial "Questions over the University Senate's previous power and influence" in the August 16, he betrays a misunderstanding of the University Senate's previous power and influence. There is an error. As a matter of fact, the University Senate never had as much power as he claims and does not now have such powers. Hence the adjective, "provisional." Moreover the right to confer such powers upon the Senate is not possessed by any internal substructure of the University, and it is not the case that the Board itself has such powers.

The SIU enabling act (Chapter 15:7) specifically states that the basic managerial powers over the University are only conferred upon the Board, but also requires the Board itself the exercise of such powers.

Herbert R. Snyder
Associate Professor of Mathematics
Member of the Provisional University Senate

This is ecology?

One student concerned with the latter problem explained the process of recycling newsprint as picking a Daily Egyptian off the floor of a classroom. We're taking it, tossing it back to the floor when finished.

Samuel W. Cox
Student Writer
The innocent bystander

Mayor Lindsay's fight to switch

By Arthur Hapgo
Chronicle Features

The formation of a rational system of political patronage in American politics, the development of a political society that can be dated from the 1971 Presidential election, to the 1991 Presidential election.

The first step in the wind, of course, was the announcement by Mayor Lindsay in March that the previous summer he was changing his position on the campaign slogan being, "Vote for the candidate of your choice in the party of his choice."

His goal, he said at the time, was to form a "new political party." The result was, as everyone had feared, the legalization of Democratic and moderate Republicans.

In fact, Mr. Agnew was more common with each other than anyone else in the political spectrum, the concept worked like a charm. And soon Lindsay was fighting with Senators Muskie, Bayh, and Jackson and Congressman Pete McCloskey for the nomination of what came to be known as the "Liberal Reform Party." Sighing off the liberal Republicans from the GOP seemed to endanger the hopes of President Nixon for reelection. But the President had already foreseen the threat and had prepared a counterattack by appointing John Connally, a conservative Democrat, as the new candidate.

It was then a simple matter for the President to dump Spiro Agnew from the ticket in favor of a generally—thus attracting conservative Democrats to his moderate Republican banner.

The two groups found they thought much alike, particularly when it came to federal spending, the Vietnam and oil price breaks agreements. Therefore, the Cendemomeros enjoyed an unheard degree of party unity.

Undoubtedly miffed by his rejection, this gave him something to talk about with the other conservative Republicans who were miffed at Mr. Nixon for visiting Red China.

So it was that Agnew, Governor Ronald Reagan, and the entire Buckley family joined Governor George Wallace's American Independent Party to frustrate the emergence in national politics, the Conservative AIF.

They discovered they got along just fine as long as they ignored the leadership of the Communist menace, bureaucrats, and the New York Times.

The need for a fourth party on the left became clear when former Senator Eugene McCarthy was no less denounced by the public opinion polls for the Democratic nomination.

The Peaceful coalition formed with the more stable elements of the Peace & Freedom Party attracted all liberal Democrats, lowerers of poetry and senators George McGovern and Fred Harris, who weren't doing too well either.

Thus there were four parties on the ballot in 1972: each composed of those who thought more or less alike on the issues and were therefore able to offer uncompromised platforms.

The political scientists were elated: "Thanks to this drastic revision of our entire political system," said one, "the American voter will at last be offered a clear-cut choice between candidates honestly expressing different solutions to the problems we face."

At last, democracy will work.

In the end, the candidate who emerged victorious in 1972, as in all subsequent elections, proved to be the one who spoke most sincerely into the glass eye of the television camera.

Nothing much else changed either.

Editors Note: The following report was reprinted from the Ford Foundation Letter. July 15, 1971.

Both the promise and the pitfalls of attempts by students to bring about reform in higher education are reflected in a number of Foundation-assisted programs.

The University of South Carolina, for example, has become the latest in a series of colleges to receive a Venture grant of $250,000 from the Foundation. In part the grant reflected the university's lively approach toward change which enlists all the resources of the institution, students included, in the process.

Yet students are often as chary as professors as instruments of reform. Witness the experience of three institutions (including South Carolina) that are recipients of Foundation "Contemporary University" program beginning in 1966.

In places of conventional classroom study University of Massachusetts gave students substi- tuted and received regular academic credit for research on ecological problems, work off- campus educational and social-action groups, and independent study. After a year, student interest waned, many faculty members with the program lacked sufficient structure and academic involvement, and the university declined to contribute further. At Federal City College, Washington, D.C., a predominantly black institution that opened in 1968, the experiment was dropped after just one quarter. As the experiment waned, the birth of the college some students and faculty members who were "forced out of the program" and "conscienced" them. The program was dropped when its strongest supporter, the college's first president, resigned.

South Carolina's experience was decidedly happier. The content of the changes is not unfamiliar, but the pace has been rather slow and continued with the strong collaboration of students, faculty, and administration. In addition to seminars, workshops and retreats on learning, students have made studies of the state correctional system, aggressive behavior in children, the effect of the student's economic development on Negro higher education, the status of women, and health care. The university has made the program an integral part of the curriculum.

Two earlier Foundation-assisted projects on the West Coast showed a similar contrast. More than 2,000 students have participated in student credit, in the student-founded Stanford Workshop on Political and Social Issues, which the university has continued with its own funds. Student workshops have explored logging policies, privacy in the computer age, the social impact of science and technology, etc. A biology graduate student who directed a 770-page assessment of air pollution was made an advisor to the San Francisco area pollution control board.

But a similar program at the University of Califor- nia (Los Angeles) disintegrated when some of the founding students were replaced by more activist types, internal dissension fanned fears of radical discussion and activity, faculty disinterest turned to hostility, and the university withdrew sponsorship of the program.

One of the thorniest elements in the dynamics of campus change is the feeling of some students that reform in higher education must be accompanied by change in social and political institutions. When faculty and community accuse them of crossing the line from educational ventures to improper activism, the students refer back to the speeches of longago presidents in which such themes as the responsibilities of urban universities to society.

Drawing a workable line involves consensus—especially between students and faculty—on what is academically as well as socially relevant, and what is constructively effective yet not an attempt to divert student energy and discontent into innocuous reform work. Another thicket is the issue of preserving intellectual rigor and fairness in treatment of the controversial issues around which students often set up courses or research.

Issues have arisen too in student-directed educational innovation on a national scale. The Founda- tion made a three-year, $315,000 grant in 1968 for the Center for Educational Reform of the U.S. National Student Association (NSA). The funds have enabled the center to report widely on innovative curriculum efforts. Its magazine Edcent contains descriptive articles and discussions of educational possibilities. Other means are staff visits to cam- puses where students have requested assistance in curriculum improvement, and conferences on educational change. An NSA bur bur fitted out with literature films, and tapes on educational change has traveled 30,000 miles to some 40 campuses.

Faculty and administrators of many persuasions have commended the constructive purpose of this dissemination effort. Still, NSA has come under at- tack from time to time, not usually for its year-round work in education but for controversial resolutions at its annual conventions. Ironically NSA has also drawn fire from radical students for "playing ball with the Establishment."

Lewis B. Mayhew, professor of higher education at Stanford University, observes: "The success of the student-formed Experimental College at San Franc- isco State in the mid-1960s encouraged the belief that students were capable of designing significant educational innovations that could function and be incorporated within the existing academic structure.

Frequent frustrations as well as high hopes marked many student-initiated experiments emerging from the turmoil-filled campus of the period. Now, a new mood of sobriety appears to be setting in, with change-minded students and faculty more sensitive to the complexities and slow work of reform, válido in innovation may be less frenzied, but the hope is that they will stick.
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Double Grammy Award winners, Rich and Karen Carpenter headline this year's nightly spectacular. You'll understand their selection as "best new artist of the year" when you hear in person their performance of hits like "Randy Days and Mondays" and "Close to You." Appearing with the CARPENTERS is the versatile George Kirby/Peter Nero. It's a great evening's entertainment.

One Fantastic Concert

CHICAGO Second to None in Big Band Rock in a special two-hour concert Sunday, August 29th at 2:00 P.M. CHICAGO will get it together and keep it that way all the way from "Beginnings" through "Make Me Smile."

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Du Quoin State Fair is the only stop on the USAC circuit where racing fans have the opportunity to see three types of racing on SUCCESSIVE (DAYS) Twin 50-Mile Races for Midgets, 100-Mile Race for Late-Model Stocks, and a 100-Mile for Championships. The greatest drivers on the USAC tour will be there.

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- Western Rodeo
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ORDER TICKETS NOW & Come To The Fair!
81-year-old wheelchair student looks ahead to graduate school

FRESNO, Calif. (AP) — Caroline Cooper must get around the campus in a wheelchair now because of poor circulation in her legs. Increased tuition costs are a worry, but she's determined to graduate next spring from college.

"I just feel positive I will make it," says Mrs. Cooper, who is 81 years old and a grandmother.

And after graduation? Perhaps graduate study for a master's degree because, says Mrs. Cooper, school officials "are asking if I want to." With her husband dead and her children living in other areas, Mrs. Cooper is living in the dormitory.

While at the city college, she took a Latin course. She is completing a course in piano and is planning to take a course in American literature. "I always wanted to study Latin, and so I decided to go to Fresno State to study it," Mrs. Cooper says.

She enjoys Latin "but it's a brain twister." She has earned a fair share of B marks.

Construction on the Humanities Building is approximately 15 per cent complete, says Bob Rock, campus construction manager. The building will include 450 classrooms and offices. It is being built in three stages in the area in which formerly were located the president's home and office and the temporary barracks which housed academic and administrative units. Completion of the building totaling 250,000 square feet is expected "hopefully" by Fall, 1973, Code said. (Photo by John S. Burningham)
SWISS banks float dollar on market

LOUGH (AP) - Swiss banks Monday floated the dollar on the market for the first time since the franc was pegged at 1.60 with gold, and the American economy that this first big test of the new system was a success.

Hardly a ripple resulted, despite the battering the dollar has taken on international money markets in recent weeks. The franc jumped up to about 30 cents on the Swiss franc.

Nearly everywhere else foreign exchange markets stayed under control. Both banks and tourist agencies continued to satisfy the needs of workers and tourists. But American tourists had to pay a premium in dollars to purchase foreign currency in most countries.

The Swiss National Bank authorized commercial institutions to start unlimited trading in the dollar but said it would not intervene to steady the rate.

Effect of freeze on budget unknown

WASHINGTON (AP) - The man in charge of measuring American living costs every month is uncertain about how President Nixon's wage-price freeze will affect the family budget.

"The freeze was announced to my house late last night. I don't know what he is in mind, and I don't know whether they can raise my property taxes under the freeze," said Dr. Joel P. Profeta, assistant commissioner of the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Profeta's job is supervising the monthly Consumer Price Index that measures typical family living costs.

Other government officials indicated that property taxes apparently will be raised during the 90-day freeze, but the Department of Labor said it will have to be decided whether state sales taxes would be included.

But even bigger uncertainty is whether Nixon's exemption of raw agricultural products applies just at the farm, or also at the supermarket.

Treasury spokesman said most prices are subject to the freeze because meat is processed at the packhouse, but that a decision remained for Nixon's newly appointed head of Living Council on whether such items as raw fruits and vegetables would be processed and could be controlled during the freeze.

"I think it means that fresh carrots are exempt but not canned carrots," Dr. P. J. Profeta said in an interview.

The foodquestions are important because food makes up about 32 percent of the weight of the price index-measuring American spending patterns.

Weekend 'burn-in' held by 32 youths in Britain

BRADFORD, Eng. (CP) - Youth club members at Slaithwaile, North Yorkshire, staged a sponsored 'burn-in' over one weekend.

Thirty-two boys and girls took part in the event, which included the full 16 hours without sleeping. About 100 people watched.

FDA inspector checks SIU sandal complaints

A representative of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) was at SIU. Friday to investigate claims of an allergic reaction caused by the wearing Indian sandal wholesale.

Raymond K. Hardid, inspector from the Edwardsville FDA office, said several complaints on the sandals were received after the Daily Egyptian ran an article on the rash which the sandal causes in many of its wearers.

Hardid interviewed eight students who had contacted the ranch after wearing the sandals. He said it would be necessary to thoroughly document a connection between the allergic reaction and the sandals before sale of the sandals could be restricted in any way.

People who wish to make a complaint to the FDA about the sandals can contact Hardid by writing to:

P.O. Box 326, Edwardsville, Ill. 62025, or calling him at 508-2304.
Ag group presents awards to distinguished teachers

John W. Goddard of Oklahoma State University, John H. Harris of Cornell University, and Donald J. Davis of the University of Arkansas were among the 14 faculty members honored by the National Agricultural Economics Association (NAEA) at its annual convention in St. Louis.

The awards were given to 16 teachers, representing 15 states and 12 institutions of higher learning. They were selected by a committee of the NAEA.

The awards were presented at the annual convention of the NAEA.

The AAEA conference, which ended Wednesday, was attended by 800 agricultural economists and their families.

The award winners were Robert Clark, Lewis, research associate at the University of California; James Linder, agricultural statistician with the U.S. Bureau of Census; and Richard Wayne Simon, now serving in the U.S. Army.

The awards were presented to Michael D. Anderson, assistant professor at Oklahoma State University; Frederick James Pruchaska, professor at the University of Florida, and Solomon Barlow, associate professor at the University of Arizona.

Others honored were Yajiro Hayama, associate professor at the University of Maryland; U. S. Department of Agriculture; and Jeanetteand R. Richard Shumway, assistant professor at North Carolina State University.

THE LOOK OF FALL '71

Phillips

NEW! Would you like your own private apt., with no gas, electric, or water deposit?

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549-2454

- close to campus
- swimming pool
- recreation center
- new laundry facility
- very, very, unique
Anti-capitalism party organized

With the philosophy that socialism was not designed to end work but to make work more leisurely, the People's Interest Party has been formed, according to Albert Rosn, founder of the party. People's Interest has been formed under the slogan of "Let's work together to bring about a society in which work is not a burden but a pleasure." People's Interest has been organized in order to ensure equality and freedom for all citizens of Illinois.

"The purpose of the Party is to provide for leisure and to give equal rights to all citizens of Illinois. It is also the intention of the party to guarantee all citizens the basic needs of clothing, food, and housing." People's Interest has been designed to guarantee all citizens their basic human rights of freedom from oppression and freedom from tyranny, he said.

Rosa stated several reasons for forming the party "Because we feel that it is essential that all people be assured of equal liberties and justice and because every man must be assured of being heard and given the proper opportunity in participation in all aspects of social, political, and economic life, this party was formed."

"It was formed because, at this time, the present political-economic system does not provide this insurance," he said.

"Our basic goal of the party is to replace the present capitalist system with one more responsive to the people said Rosa. "Our present system is known to kill hundreds of their dreams." Rightwing Irish sever ties with government

BELFAST, Northern Ireland (AP) - A group of right-wing Irish terrorists has withdrawn its support from the government of the province, which is dedicated to preserving Union in Ulster as a British province.

The group is made up of members of several Irish republican organizations that have been labeled as terrorists by the British and Irish governments. It is also made up of supporters of the Ulster Volunteer Force, which was formed in 1970 as a terrorist organization.

The group's withdrawal is expected to have an immediate impact on the government, which has been struggling to maintain control over the province.

Learning center expands disturbed children program

The name has been changed and the services offered has been changed as well. The new name is the Educational Center for Exceptional Children. The center offers services for children with intellectual disabilities. The new location is 1001 W. 12th St., in the heart of Chicago. The center will offer educational services to children with intellectual disabilities. The center will also offer recreational activities and social skills training.

A resource room, with children's books and learning materials, is available. The center will offer services for children with intellectual disabilities and their families. The center will also offer family support services. The center will also offer parent training and support services.

For more information, please contact the Educational Center for Exceptional Children at 773-224-4024.

DAILY EGYPTIAN CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING ORDER FORM

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For more information, please contact the Educational Center for Exceptional Children at 773-224-4024.

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SIU debates 11 game football season

By Ken Stewart
Daily Egyptian Sports Writer

To schedule 11 football games or not to schedule 11. That is the question facing SIU schedule makers.

The NCAA began allowing in 1970 a maximum of 11 football games a year on a college’s schedule instead of 10, excluding post-season bowls.

Will 11 games be the exception rather than the rule at Southern?

“It’s hard to say,” said Bill Brown, SIU assistant athletic director, the man who usually handles the football scheduling here.

“We start our school so much later than many of the others,” he said. “So we’re limited with the games we can play.”

Brown said if 11 games are scheduled, SIU may have to hold “the kids (football players) after Thanksgiving or Christmas.”

Virginia Tech has a game against Virginia Military Institute slated for Dec. 27.

Other colleges this fall with 11-game schedules will play regular season football as late as Dec. 4, about the time the sports spotlight on campus usually turns to basketball. Nebraska, Hawaii, Miami (Fla.) and Syracuse have games on that date.

Miami dropped its basketball program so there won’t be any conflict there. Also the weather should cooperate down there while winter may start eating into the 1973 football climate.

Northern Illinois has taken advantage of the NCAA ruling and managed to schedule an expansion of the Ten Conference in a season opener Sept. 11.

Run for your life

SIU quarterback Brad Pancost (11) prepares to pass in the first photo, but in the second, he finds himself running for his life with the ball in a game last fall. When he does get a chance to pass, he’s partly successful. Pancost completed nearly half of his passes last season. (Photos by John Lapinot and Ralph Kyleo)

Baseball team ‘didn’t understand’

Coach criticizes Pan Am games

PHOENIX, Ariz. (AP) – The coach of the U.S. Baseball team at the Pan American Games says he was unhappy with the running of the big event, but doesn’t think the United States should withdraw from all international baseball competition.

He had a comment about every one of us.

WASHINGTON (AP) – President Nixon met with Vela Blue at the White House Tuesday and promptly called the sensational outfielder pitcher of the Oakland Athletics “the most underpaid player in baseball.”

The 23-year-old Blue, Manager Dick Williams, Owner Charles O. Finley and Oakland team paid a 15-minute call on the President and were impressed with his knowledge of baseball and the players.

“He’s really a sports fan and he knows his baseball,” said Williams.

Girl wants to call signals in football

HOLLYWOOD, Fla. (AP) – Jan Coebs didn’t make cheerleader at her school this year. She is pretty high school senior spent the summer catching forward passes and showed up at football tryouts. She wants to be quarterback.

Playing quarterback for Hollywood Hills High School football coach Dick Saltlick politely accepted her physical examination and arrangement for tryouts.

The 90 mass gridders in formation for calisthenics moved over to make room for the 6-foot girl in a tailored white blouse, navy shorts and sneakers.

Miss Coebs, 17-year-old editor of the high school newspaper, did the present week’s jamboree schedule, signs and sprouts. Spartan fans who witnessed the first day of practice said the long-haired brunette kept up with the best of them.

“My grades have never been so tired in my life,” the panting Miss Coebs said later Monday as she wiped sweat from her eyes.

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