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Campbell, Wallace relate details of California trip

By P.J. Wellar
Staff Writer

Information regarding a recent one-week trip to California by Dwight Campbell, student body president, and Richard Wallace, student body vice president, was released through the Student Government Executive Office Friday afternoon.

Attempts to gain information earlier in the week met with "no comment" from student government personnel.

Anthony Clamell, head of Student Activities, also refused to comment when questioned on the use of student government funds used to finance the trip.

The trip to the Bay Area of California included stops at the University of California at Berkeley, San Francisco State and Merritt Junior College in Oakland, according to Friday's statement.

Campbell and Wallace were gone from July 16-24.

Campbell and Wallace attended the Black Panthers' War Against Fascism Conference held for three days in Oakland.

Both student government leaders cited the universities they visited as similar to SIU, expressing concern about "information concerning student-community, student-police relationships and programs concerning educational reform."

A highlight of the trip, according to Campbell and Wallace, was an in-depth discussion of the Educational Opportunities Program at Berkeley with John I. Danie!SON, financial aide officer.

Another reason for the trip, Campbell said, was to establish closer relationship between police and students and people from the communities.

This information was obtained at the three-day session of the Black Panthers held in the Oakland Auditorium across the bay from San Francisco.

Campbell said he and Wallace attended the conference for only two days because some of it was "worse than it seemed."

Reports from Oakland said the conference was attended by 2,000 people.

The principal proposal to come out of the meeting was the "community control of the police," according to Newsweek magazine.

Campbell said that in light of the recent proposal for an auxiliary police force in Carbondale, "we thought it imperative to seek further information of this regard and perhaps find an alternative proposal to solve police-student-community difficulties."

One of the alternatives in being considered now, Campbell said, "is to outline a comprehensive proposal to the City Council's public hearing concerning the auxiliary police."

Campbell did not say what the alternative proposal would be.

No date has been set for the hearing, but Mayor David Kennedy had expressed hope that a public hearing could be held before September.

Keene said he wanted to give City Manager C. William Norman time to study thoroughly forces in other cities before a hearing would be held.

"We'll pursue it right away, though, while it's still a hot issue," the mayor had said.

Campbell said that he and Wallace had obtained money for their bus transportation to California through the Student Activities Office.

Campbell said this amounted to $330 for three students, but one was unable to attend. His proposal was based on the chance to experience the relationship between police and students and people from the communities.

(Downtown attraction)

Numerous SIU students were attracted downtown Friday by a street sale conducted by several city businesses. Mike Ryan, staff photographer, found two coats interested in one of the shoe displays.

Michigan college student

Arrêt murder suspect

YMPLANTI, Mich. (AP) - Authorities charged a college student with murder Friday in the slaying of Karen Sue Beimnan, 18, at Eastern Michigan University, where Miss Beimnan, 18, was a freshman cord-training to teach handicapped children.

State police director Frederick Davel, investigating the case, said he was trying to find out whether Collins was connected with either of the other killings in which no charges have been made. An Ann Arbor laborer is charged with murder in another of the deaths.

Davita said the Beimnan slaying was believed to have taken place at the YMPLANTI home of Collins' uncle, a state police corporal. Information from the uncle, Capt. David Leik, led to the arrest on Thursday.

David told newsmen Collins had access to the home during Leik's vacation absence to help feed the family pet.

Gus Bode

Gus says with all that instant classroom space, all they're lacking is instant teachers.

Architects study bids for classrooms

Architects are studying bids by five Illinois firms for providing an "instant classroom" complex that would make up for space lost in the Old Main fire at SIU.

Proposals opened Thursday in the University Architect's Office ranged from a cluster of five pre-fabricated metal containers to a cluster of nine converted toolshouses. The latest specifications are not sought in SIU specifications for the project.

Architect Charles Fuller said proposals will be weighed to see which offers the best space-to-expenditure package for the University. Officials had hoped to have the temporary complex up and ready for business at the start of the fall term in September, but the contractor gave little hope for meeting that deadline.

Bidding was on the basis of a three-year lease arrangement, with the contractor doing all erection, site, and utilities work. Various alternatives being studied include responsibilities for maintenance and insurance, interest rates, and purchase or lease continuation options.

SIU has a special appropriation of $738,000 for the temporary facility, plus raising Old Main and restoring the arson. Basic specifications called for 21 classrooms and 14 offices in two joined steel buildings. They are to be erected east of the main campus, next to the University Photographic Service on S. Washington Avenue.

The three-year lease was decided on because a permanent classroom replacement for Old Main—a $3 million addition to the upcoming Humanities-Social Sciences Building—appears to be ready by that time.

Bidders and their basic proposals covering all three years: Becker Brothers, Inc., Peoria—Five buildings, $282,000; Peterson, $252,000; R. and J. Steel Suppliers, Carteret—Two buildings, $239,750; and J. and L. Robinson Development and Construction Co., Carbondale—Two buildings, $269,922; Hilton Homes, Carbondale, 10-16 house trailers, $411,000; J. and L. Simmons Co., Inc., Decatur—Two buildings, $419,100.

Students to advise Selective Service

CHICAGO (AP)—Fifteen young people chosen to advise the Selective Service System said Friday they will not "batestrate to criticize the system."

James R. Bronner, 25, of Glenview, a graduate of Northwestern University law school, was chosen temporary chairman of the group of men and one woman.

He said a June meeting with Lt. Cmdr. John H. Hammack, state director of the Selective Service, was a "preliminary meeting...to get the facts about the draft laws and to define our goals."

Bronner said, "We want to make our point heard. We want to make people aware of the information. We are hoping that people will send us suggestions on how to change the draft system. We see ourselves as a liaison between the youth and the system.

The advisory group represents the entire state, but the youth delegates do not represent a cross-section of young people. Each of the 15 has attended, is attending or has been accepted at a college. Several have done military service.

We are looking for the people to make the most efficient comment," said one member of the group. "The people who don't attend college, he added.

"Our function is to act as an investigate group. We have no official status in the group, but we hope we'll get comment from draft resisters," the group plans to hold bi-monthly meetings and expects to have some recommendations within a year.

A Chicago Tribune staff story on page 10.

Retiring

Dr. Elmer E. Dooley, dean of the School of Home Economics, is step-}

ing down as SIU's first and only woman dean of an academic depar-

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Earning creations, sales, finance, college education

By John Young

Eleanor Powell, 24, a senior from Chicago, helps to finance her college education by making and selling callas. Miss Powell, a philosophy major, has been in this business for three years. Her workshop is located in her dorm at 500 S.edition St. She makes her products from natural materials such as the bark of trees, rocks, mushrooms, pine cones, acorns and other natural items, her shelves are all stocked. Although her principal tool is a pair of wire cutters, snips, shears and a hammer also are occasionally used. Discussing her occupation, Miss Powell said, "It normally takes about one-half hour to make a pair and usually I depend on how detailed the earring is." "I enjoy my work because it gives me an opportunity to be creative. Creativity is something that I drew experience from attending school, mainly because the educational system does not emphasize it. It is a great creative thinking," she asserted.

When persons who have bought her earrings show them, Miss Powell receives free advertising. "So far," she said, "this method has been very successful and I haven't received any other means of advertising.

She has never considered making her earrings a business because she doesn't have an interest in them and feels that she can't be as creative in making jewelry other than earrings.

"There is art in the ear- ring as it hangs on the ear and displays perpetual motion with the turning of the head," she explained.

"The advantage of my work is that you don't have an employer telling you what to do. Also it is a self-employment job and one does not have regular hours in which to do the work. One's hours may be very irregular." Of all the advantages of her work, Miss Powell cited a factor that she believes is very important. "One disadvantage of this job is that I don't have a regular amount of money to depend on, however, I would recommend this type of work to others interested in creative art.

Prior to her coming to SIU, Miss Powell made clothes to earn money for school.

Miss Powell said after graduation she has no plans to continue in the earning occupation. "It's just a way to earn extra money while in college," she concluded.

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Roddy McDowall

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Events of useful interest
What's happening today

Mitchell Gallery Exhibits: Varied Fall shows of sixteenth and seventeenth century (from St. Peterard, etc.). Payroll Division: Student time cards distribution. 8:30 a.m.-4:30 p.m. University Center, Graduate School, Meeting 7:00 a.m. Center City Room.

Young Socialists Alli­ance: dance, 8-10 p.m., University Center Room.

Winged Wheels: Meet­ing, 7:30 p.m., University Center Room.

Sailing Club: Meeting, 7:30 p.m., Wham 227.

4-H girls design up-to-date fashions for Clothing Day Fashion Show.

The stereotype small-town girl clad in her knee-length shriveless dress did not exist when 4-H girls modeled bell-bottoms, satin dresses and culotte outfits at the Jackson County 4-H Clothing Day Fashion Show held at University Auditorium Thursday.

"The small-town girl is greatly influenced by the fashion trends in the big cities," said Janice Sel­lert, a correspondent from Car­bondale. Miss Selbort, who modeled a tunic and bell-bottom black outfit said that she believes girls from the small towns are just as fashion conscious as girls from the cities.

About 500 girls, ranging in age from 9 to 16 years old, modeled their sewing crea­tions before a panel of 4-H judges. Nine girls were selected to represent Jackson County at the State Fair in Springfield.

Despite the stylish outfits modeled at the fashion show, several of the girls said that the 4-H officials tended to be too conservative when it came to their work. One of the officials suggested that our dresses should be no shorter than two inches above the knee," complained Sheryl Blacklock, a correspondent from Verrazzano.

Though most of the girls feel that short skirts are here to stay, a few girls predicted long hem lines within a few years. "Even though I have the thought of wearing a long dress, I think hem lines will tend to be shorter in the future. They certainly cannot go up," said Janice Sellert, a correspondent from Carbondale.

Several girls attributed the high price of clothing as their motive for sewing. Many explained that the college students in the area price their clothes to be high.

After touring the SIU cam­pus several of the girls com­mented on the casual man­ner in which the clothes looked. "I certainly was not impressed," said one 4-H member who feels girls should wear dresses to class.

The girls selected to com­pete in state competition are:

Nancy Burroughs, 15, Ed­ville; Donna Appelgate, 16, Carbondale; Sheryl Blacklock, 14, Verrazzano; Pam Collister, 15, Murphy'sboro; Carol Jac­obs, 15, Carbondale; De­butee; Elaine Kohling, 15, Jacobs; Kathie Branson, 16, Murphy'sboro; V. Beverly Beckman, 15, Murp­hy'sboro and Loren Sehnert, 16, Carbondale.

Entering freshman named to Selective Service committee.

An incoming SIU freshman has been named to a youth advisory committee on Selective Service.

James E. Peter, Gurnee, Ill., is a member of a committee composed of both male and female residents of Illinois between the ages of 17 and 26.

The appointments were announce­ed by Lt. Cmdr. John H. Hammack, state director of the Illinois Selective Service System.

The committee will be called on from time to time to collect and present opinion of youths on operations and requirements of the Military Selective Service Act of 1967.

Campbell, Wallace tell of trip.

Continued from Page 11.

Glamousi, contacted by an­other Daily Egyptian reporter at the Activities Office Tuesday, said he approved the trip for four people. He said he did not know who the others were.

When asked if he had the rec­ord he shrugged it off and said he did not think he could find them.

Willis Mouton, dean of students, who was also con­tacted for his reaction, said he knew nothing about the trip.

Jack Leonno and Catherine Deneuve are "The April Fools."
Letter on Cuba: ‘blunder’

To the Daily Egyptian:

Carlos Marquez-Sterling’s letter of July 23 concerning Mr. Lilienkamp’s observations of the state of Cuba was so full of logical blunders that it was almost nonsensical. However, some readers may have overlooked these blunders. I will point out some of them, in the hope that as few people as possible will be misled by Marquez-Sterling’s remark.

1. Marquez-Stirling writes, “I sincerely hope that the ignorance of Mr. Lilienkamp about Cuba is not the same way about his own country (We in Latin America refer to the country as Motherland).” Here we have two problems. The words “same way” just do not make any sense at all here. But they may be due to a typographical error, so no more will be said concerning them. The second problem arises with the words “the country as Motherland.” The word “country” is ambiguous. Does “country” refer to Cuba or Lilienkamp’s own country? Or to the geographical area commonly used for growing corn and other foodstuffs?

2. Marquez-Sterling writes, “Cuba was third in Latin America in automobiles, 1 per 40 inhabitants.” At first glance, this sentence may seem logically acceptable. However, we must remember that logic demands that statistics be clearly stated. If a realtor told us that the average income of an area was $12,000, we would ask if there were any people earning in excess of $1,000,000 living in that area. Is it at all possible that some pre-revolution Cubans owned more than one car? How many did some of them own? Marquez-Sterling does not say, and thus leaves us in confusion.

3. “Telephones, 1 per 40 inhabitants,” writes Marquez-Sterling. How odd! Could these people who owned telephones be the same one out of 40 who own one or one dozen cars? (How many phones did Batista own?)

4. Marquez-Sterling goes on: “Television sets, 1 per 25 inhabitants.” Again, we are faced with an incomprehensible statistic. “1 per 25 inhabitants” does not mean that you could go from person to person in pre-Castro Cuba and at every twenty-fifth person, encounter a man who owned a television set. You could go from person to person and find one man who owned five or ten, and that leaves 125 or 250 people without one of them. In addition, it should be pointed out that television sets are not a practical standard to use in judging economic prosperity. Many of the exploited people in the U.S.A. own television sets; they are hardly a commodity enjoyed only by the affluent.

5. “Illiteracy,” writes Marquez-Sterling, “was high, 25.1 per cent. There were only four countries in Latin America that had a better percentage.” The word “better” is ambiguous here. Does it mean higher or lower? The whole paragraph is indeed in Latin America. Marquez-Sterling’s letter is simply incoherent.

— Howard Silver

A loyal Chicago Democrat

The Washington Evening Star

Letter

Fair play

To the Daily Egyptian:

Now that Apollo 11 has successfully been completed and Neil Armstrong has become the first man to step on the moon, maybe Hollywood will make the story of his life, and to sell the film may be they’ll present Sidney Poitier in the title role.

Leslie A. Trotter

Letter

Is there?

To the Daily Egyptian:

To the person who wrote “Daily Power” on one of the washroom stalls in the University Center. Bless you! I didn’t think that there were any of us left on university campuses.

Howard Silver
A loyal Chicago Democrat

Letter

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6. “The enrollment of children amounted to 1,300,000 in 1959,” writes Marquez-Sterling. “Enrolled in what? And how many were not enrolled in whatever the others were enrolled in? Again—another un- intelligible paragraph.

7. We are told that the death rate in Cuba (5.6 per 1,000) was lower in 1959 than the present rate (9.5 per 1,000) in the U.S.A. Since we all know that 100 per cent of people eventually die, it is not clear what Marquez-Sterling is trying to say here. How much time did it take for the 5.6 per 1,000 Cuban deaths to occur? A week? A month? And how long does it take 9.5 per 1,000 Americans to die? A year or a month or an hour? We are not told. The whole group of statistics makes no sense.

8. I will pass over Marquez-Sterling’s remarks on Che. They seem to imply no more than that Che was a Communist who admitted to making some mistakes. Since Che admitted that he was engaged in an experiment, Marquez-Sterling hastens to point out that “Theodor Draper” claims that Che’s was the most expensive course in economic Marxist. This is supposed to impress us with Che’s foolishness, no doubt. However, since most of us are aware of the fallacy of “appealing to authority,” we are impressed only by the audacity of Marquez-Sterling in thinking he can feed us so easily.

9. Marquez-Sterling concludes by saying, “...I am an admirer of Hayakawa.” Should we construe this to mean that Marquez-Sterling is willing to pursue evidence in order to prop up his own ego, as Hayakawa has done? But we cannot be sure. Against those ambiguities.

— Lesley A. Trotter

Letter
Guide: a non-theist atheism tangling with life


At the death of Andre Gide in 1951, Albert J. Guernard, in an article in The New York Times, said "... and now Gide faces the hazards of immortality. In the twilight period which follows on the death of the great writer who has found the answers to the world's problems (Edgar Priz), 1947). Now he will emerge in...

An answer to the question is supplied, at least in part, by her

The apparent contradiction of the title-"The Theism of An Atheist"—should not be taken literally. "Atheist" the author explains, "must not be taken at its face value... it may indeed be a manifestation of the religious drive to reach God beyond the god of theism." In terms of this broader meaning Gide is an "atheist" or non-thes.

In fact this sort of "atheism" is almost symptomatic of our time. Even to revolutionize the institutional church, the development of the "new morality" grounded on freedom and indifference, and the various death of God views, "God is the problem" he never before. Nervaloy explores the works of Gide showing how and why Gide's concept of the "new morality" and atheism do away with the coarse, the material, and reappear in different symbols.

Reviewed by

John Howie

such as "virtue," "Future," "salvation," and "Em.

In a significant way the title of this book reflects Gide's own use of terms. Gide sometimes used "God" with the meaning given to it by conventionally religious people. Hence, in this context, Gide can really mean himself or society. At other times he uses "God" to refer to his own vision of the ultimate. Thus, in this context, it is legitimate to speak of Gide's "theism."

Gide and the rest of the religious conscience Gide believe a re

examination of the concept of God is necessary. "God" as a concept is thought to be old-fashioned and obsolete. He uses every means at his disposal—insults, sarcasms, persecution—to do away with the concept of God. The author sees puritanical and Catholic dogma as Dogmatic rigidities that can not be the free development of the individual. This may be an oblique reflection of his mixed ancestry—Huguenot on his father's side and Catholic converts to Protestantism on his mother's side.

His most frequent targets were the Church's claim to unalterable truths and its holy alliances with secular powers. Puritanism and dogmatism he considered to be a failure of Christ's teachings and a source of hypocrisy and falsehood.

Democracy in Asia predestined to failure


This small book should have a strong appeal to the militantes of our country. It has not yet in his fourth decade, the author is the intellectual revolutionary par excellence; artist, writer, editor of leftist newspapers, columnist of guerrilla heroes. His prose, even in translation, can be powerful with a lucid, fluid style.

"Night falls. Today the guerrilla bird which has visited the guerrilla heros at this hour for the past two days has released the shopper. His red breast and gorgeous plumage had glistened into the center of the path of sky visible above the camp by the mountain. The guerilla is the national symbol of Guatemala. He is said to have lost his voice when the Mayas were defeated by the Spaniards. Others may be never lost his voice but since then has refused to sing. The fact is that when he is caged, he dies." The author's revolutionary cause is the familiar syndrome of anti-colonialism, nationalism, and leftism.

Galeano argues Guatemal is "occupied" by the Guatemalan oligarchy and its army, backed by the CIA, Pentagon, American business firms and other imperialist forces. He contends that in reality the United States intervention in Guatemalan affairs of 1954 (a CIA-supported coup against a leftist government) is still current, in the form of covert North American domination of the present (electer) Mendez, Montenegro government. Although Galeano concludes that any revolution against the present government would have to be backed by the U.S. since the U.S. would never tolerate another "Cuba," he insists with considerable braveness that there is no reason why paralysis should result from realization of this stratic framework."

Reviewed by

Charles T. Goodsell

Of course any author has the right to his views, no matter how absurd and frantic). Propagandistic. In one might argue that strong

leftist views have a particular right to be heard. But such views also have a propensity for departures from reality or twistings of foreign policy which when these serve the holder's purpose.

One basic point that has never gotten through to the Latin American anti-imperialists like Galeano is that for at least 30 years the U.S. anti-Americanism is not genuine. For instance, a Wall Street in international business dealings. The perception of American power overseas is one of those perennial, enduring myths that seems to have an everlasting life. Any business man abroad who has tried to get some rational answers to the question "What makes the U.S. anti-American?" usually knows the reality behind that myth.

Another basic point often overlooked is that if one proposes national revolutionaries in Guatemala by attempting to deal only with the U.S. anti-Americanism one might consider whether it is consistent not to accept the aid of foreign revolutionaries. Like the Argentines who supported the Uruguayan, such as the author of this book. Or Spanish-speaking, white guerrilla fighters advising the Indians from exploitation. In this we also do not see the holder's purpose.

Democracy in Asia predestined to failure

America and East Asia: A New Theology, by Richard Harris, New York: George Braziller, 1968, 80 pp, $3.50.

Richard Harris is a British writer and journalist who was born in China of missionary parents. He witnessed the winter of 1940 in China and was present in Vietnam at the time of partition. Although given to excessive generalization he does have interesting insights. Harris argues that the U.S. involvement in Vietnam are results of the different capitalist democracies patterns.

Essentially Harris argues that the Vietnamese and the Chinese are not a part of the common nations and of the capitalist democracies and of their fundamental conflict. It is interesting

Reviewed by

H. B. Jacobini

that he sees Russia and Eastern Europe as not so far less ideologically oriented, and as a consequence, the U.S.-U.S.S.R. confrontation as being more a conflict of power than a confrontation of ideology. In a word, Eastern Asian civilization is essentially different from all other regions of the world. In their non-political, and presumably to withdraw will lead inevitably to anti-American conflict.

Essentially Harris believes that the Vietnamese conflict is primarily an extension of Chinese Civil War's confrontation with the West, and of course, it is a view with respectable (if indirect) appeal. Nevertheless it is not an interpretation which one can accept without a thoughtful evaluation. Certainly, the Harris drift has often lacked the political courage that it is sometimes "supposed to have." The last two millennia, for example, are a testament to Western European ability to perform as a unity despite its cultural cleavages and there is much reason to think that even North Vietnam's relation to China is neither as close as many

Our Reviewers

H. B. Jacobini is a professor with the Department of Government.

Daily Egyptian, August 2, 1968, Page 5
He bought a container of 'squiggly' crawlers

She was boasting of her 'piscatorial prowess'

By Dean Robertson Staff Writer

He said, "Ridiculous, women can't fish. That's for men only." I said, "I said."" On a warm Sunday morning, the question was not so much "can women fish?" as whether they should leave those squiggly, slimy creatures 10 feet down and 10 miles away. With this in mind, the male angler decided every woman should have their worm and bought a container loaded with the trim with crawlers. After securing oars, life preservers and my first fishing license, the fishing party shoved off into the 14-acre lake. The best fishing spots, according to the male anglers, were on the other side of the lake. And to prove there is equality among the sexes, I was allowed to man the oars first. Lake Murphyboro is a big lake, and when your horizons are limited to two small female biceps, its size seems proportionate to Lake Michigan. About 20 minutes later, and still rowing, its size had increased to that of the Atlantic.

During our crossing, a few other boats with all-male occupants could be seen gliding along the water toward the many treelined coves. Most of the men were dressed in khaki, dress boar, and denim clothing. I looked like a peacock in red, white and blue.

Many callouses later, we reached what the male guide called an ideal fishing haunt. It was a shallow cove with several dead trees protruding out of the water. The still, warm air, only the lapping of the water on the shore, the smell of wet oars turning in oarlocks could be heard echoing about the lake. The tranquility was broken by the fishing authority's instructions on the fine art of casting. Shock registered on his face as I made a cast without a flaw and scored the first point for the female angler.

But the victory was short-lived. After such a successful start, it was time to decide who was the true fisherman she handed me a wad of carp, as if it were me with the instruction that either creature would make any female feel about the deck. After five minutes of trying to explain that worms don't feel any pain, my companion bailed the hook.

I managed to salvage some pride when I pulled in the first fish of the day. It was only a five-inch bluegill, but even a five-inch fish is a fish.

The boating over this feat continued until it was time to bait the hook again. Unfortunately, that little bluegill had been swallowed by the first worm. After another five minutes of explaining how easy it was to bait a hook, my companion realized he would have to bait both hooks at the rest of the day.

As the morning progressed, the sun got hotter, the fisherman got hotter, and the fish refused to bite. By 1 p.m., the temperature was about 98 degrees, and I had caught only one more fish, and the mainliner defender of Southern Illinois anglers had brought in only one fish all morning.

Thanking about this profound statement several minutes, he agreed. He added, "Who would ever believe a fish story like that?"

Score: her 2, him 1

She was boasting of her 'piscatorial prowess'

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First woman dean to retire as head of Home Economics

SIU's first and only woman dean of an academic division will retire from the University at the end of August.

Dorothy E. Quigley, dean of the School of Home Economics since its organization in 1940, has served as a leader for a new Home Economics Building. The building is completed and occupied in the fall of 1959.

Under her guidance the School of Home Economics has grown to a division with more than 600 undergraduate students enrolled and approximately 50 graduate students working toward master's and doctoral degrees. Among its students are more than 30 men students and approximately a dozen from foreign countries.

In addition to her academic duties and activities, she has been active in state and national home economics organizations, has served as president of both the Illinois Vocational Association and the Illinois Women's Home Economics Teachers Association and is currently president of the Illinois Home Economics Association.

Dean Quigley last year was elected a member of the executive council of Home Economics Administrators in the National Association of Land Grant Colleges.

Family and friends will be honored at a dinner at 6:30 p.m. Thursday in the University Center Ballroom. The event is being arranged by the staff of the School.

Dean Quigley, during her 21 years on the University faculty, has been an aggressive spokesman for the cause of home economics as a professional curriculum in the academic family.

She has fought for professionalization and sound scholarly standards in the instructional program in home economics and has forged strong links between the School of Home Economics and the graduate teachers of home economics in the area and other groups in the state as well as in home economics-related fields.

Studying in home economics, she believes, should set examples of appropriate dress and the value of good nutrition. She has urged high standards among her students and has maintained close relationships with the students in the School, she has worked closely with an elected Student Advisory Council, representing all students associated with whom she meets regularly to discuss problems.

One of Dean Quigley's major achievements was spearheading the development of a successor to the old Home Economics Building. The building was completed and occupied in the fall of 1959.

Five-day forecast

Temperatures cooler

Northern Illinois—Saturday through Wednesday temperatures are expected to average 2 to 4 degrees below normal. Normal highs range from 61 to 67. Day to day variations are expected to be mostly minor. Rainfall is expected to total about one half inch in showers about Sunday and again toward midweek.

Southern Illinois—Temperatures will average 2 to 6 degrees below the seasonal normals for the five day period Saturday through Wednesday with only minor day to day changes. Normal highs are near 90. Normal lows are in the mid to upper 60s.

Rainfall amounts will average around a half inch in the west central area to near one inch in the extreme south. Expect strong showers Sunday and again about the middle of next week.

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E. GRAND OFF WALL (Next To The New Shell Station)
The NCR south course where Julius Boros will de
1968 PGA title in a
par 71 and will play to about 6,925 yards during the $175,
000 purse. NCR is in keeping with the U.S. Open and
rica's layout at Dayton, Ohio.

Jim Rudolph, NCR pro, figures it will take a score
by 12 to win. If a
this is the 51st PGA Championship will be
for four days beginning Aug. 14. It is tough, dem-
deciding chains of holes, Wilson re-
garded it as one of his master-
tworks. To many profession-
ities it is a nightmare.

Broyles: no revision

CHICAGO (AP)-Coach Fred
Broyles of Arkansas, stating the nation's football
coaches association "cannot afford to call for a
reconsideration course" with the NCAA over two-platoon
play, suggested Friday that football coaches could meet a
-growing financial problem

Broyles, incoming presi-
dent of the American Foot-
ball Coaches Association next season, said the NCAA
rules as main speaker at the the American Football Coaches Association of America meet-
ing.

Although football has been
receiving all the blame for rising
coaching costs, Broyles said a committee of athletic directors is working with
the NCAA to find out the
"true problem."

"In my opinion, it should be
noted that there are more non-
revenue sports being put under
four-platoon play," he said. "These requiring more
coaches and other expendi-
tures than 10 years ago.

"The universities should
take a long look at the fact that
their tuitions have tripled in
10 years, I certainly don't
recommend cutting out non-
revenue sports. But if
universities want these sports, they should pay for
them the same way they do a chemistry
department."

The NCAA, led by Execu-
tive Director Walter Byers, has been campaign-
ning for a return to one-platoon
football to reduce growing
athletic budget deficits.

"The coaches are on a
collision course with the NCAA on
this matter," said Broyles. "We'll accept the res-
ponsibility for costs if we

We're fighting the pros
for the maintenance dollar. We
don't want to cut back.

We have to move forward,
"Broyles said. "If the
NCAA has to shoulder the
costs for all nonrevenue sports, why
play 11 or 12 games per season to sup-
port these other sports?"

Currently, most colleges
play a regular 10-game sche-
dule. Broyles, a member of the
coaches rules committee,
said rules generally are aimed at one thing--"to make
the game safer."

Arts and Letters
is race favorite

OCEANPORT, N.J. (AP)-
Arts and Letters is favored to
win today's $100,000-added
Mommouth Invitation Handi-
cap in his first race since winning the Belmont Stakes June 7.

Four surprise entries have
boosted the field to 10 for the
1 1/8-mile race at Mon-
mouth Park, the only invita-
tional race exclusively for
3-year-olds. The winner will
earn $65,000.

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"Nightmare" course, site of PGA championship

By Frank McCardle
Copy Editor News Service

The late Dick Wilson must have
known the U.S. Professional
Golfers Association Championship would be played
on the "nightmare course of the
National Cash Register Country
Club."

Dick Wilson, Dick Wilson designed and built the golf course all over
the nation, including the
PGA's own course at Palm
Beach Gardens, Fla. But he
outlived himself 15 years ago when he put one on the south
NCR layout at Dayton, Ohio.

This is the 51st PGA Championship will be
played for four days begin-
ing Aug. 14. It is tough, dem-
demanding and often deceiving
chains of holes, Wilson re-
garded it as one of his master-
tworks. To many profession-
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