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Trustees OK tuition hike

By Paula Danen Walter
Staff Writer

For the second year in a row, the Southern Illinois University board approved an increase in tuition, this year amounting to 8%.

The increase, passed by a vote of 6-2 at the board's meeting in Edwardsville Thursday, will go into effect that fall.

However, board members agreed with Trustee Ivan Ellickson, who said, "I would like to see the day when there's no tuition. SIU is too well known for its opposition to high tuition cases has been arrested." But the board members agreed with Trustee Ivan Ellickson, who said, "I would like to see the day when there's no tuition. SIU is too well known for its opposition to high tuition increases."

In addition to the $4 per year increase that will apply to full-time resident undergraduate and graduate students, resident medical students will pay $8 more and non-resident undergraduate students will pay $8 more per year.

The tuition increases were recommended by the administration and considered by the board at its February meeting but according to board policy, all fee increase proposals must be discussed at two meetings before action can be taken.

The two dissenting votes were cast by the two trustees from Carbondale, Louis Bird and Barnard, and by the two trustees from the Edwardsville campus, Kenneth Shaw and Kenneth Shaw. Both Bird and Shaw advocate the board's position at its February meeting but according to board policy, all fee increase proposals must be discussed at two meetings before action can be taken.

The two dissenting votes were cast by the two trustees from Carbondale, Louis Bird and Barnard, and by the two trustees from the Edwardsville campus, Kenneth Shaw and Kenneth Shaw. Both Bird and Shaw advocate the board's position at its February meeting but according to board policy, all fee increase proposals must be discussed at two meetings before action can be taken.

Bird said that the board's approval of the increase follows the new tuition policy approved at the board's meeting in Edwardsville Thursday. The board also approved a proposal to create an Army ROTC program at SIU. The program will cost the university about $12,600, but will offer students another career choice and could provide participating students with a financial aid.

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Ford Co. acquitted in Pinto case

CHICAGO (AP) - The jury that convicted John W. Gacy Jr. of murdering 33 boys and young men "decided Thursday that he... did it in the electric chair."

The jury of seven men and five women took 2 hours and 15 minutes to reach a decision. When the chief of the court told the jurors decision, there was a burst of applause and hurrars from parents, relatives and friends of the victims. The verdict was quickly rebuffed by security guards.

Gacy had no expression as the clerk read the jury's vote. Judge Louis B. Garippe set June 2, 1980 as the execution date.

Gacy said nothing as the judge told him he was sentenced to death. Looking straightforward ahead, he was led from the room with his lips tightly clamped. The death sentence was imposed for 13 murders Gacy committed after June 21, 1977. When Gov. James H. Thompson signed the state capital punishment statute.

Earlier, the defense had asked that the jury be discharged and replaced by a new one for the sentencing phase. Gacy ppo denied that request.

Attorney Sam Aimante told Garippe that "obviously the jury was predisposed in finding Gacy guilty and was out only an hour and 30 minutes... it is wholly unbelievable that this jury could have examined all the evidence in the case... their minds were made up.

Jury says Gacy must die; victims' relatives cheer edict
Campus ‘safety bus’ to begin operation

By Scott H. Canon
Student Writer

A campus safety bus, to provide transportation for any SIUC student who fears for his safety or glassesight, will begin operation March 30. Tom Busch, assistant to the vice president for student affairs, said:

"The Campus Safety Fee Board decided at its first meeting Wednesday to implement the bus system which was originally scheduled to begin operation in November of last year. "The bus is not intended to provide mass transportation," Busch said. "It will provide safety for those who fear for their lives."

Sponsor predicts bargaining bill will pass

By Chuck Hempstead
Staff Writer

EDITOR'S NOTE: This is the third article of a three-part series dealing with collective bargaining for faculty.

House Bill 800, currently in its third reading in the Illinois House of Representatives, proposes to create a State Labor Board to supervise elections by public employees' labor unions for the purpose of collective bargaining.

Similar bills have failed in the Senate because of lack of support by Chicago senators. Hanahan said he has a hand-written letter of endorsement from Speaker Mayor Jane Byrne.

Senator Kenneth Rushlee, D-Carbondale, said "It has been the Senate sentiment since the time to kill any collective bargaining bill for public employees, but it may have a good chance this year. It's extremely difficult to judge Mayor Byrne's influence over the legislature." House Bill 800, which will be voted on in April, promises provisions for a "cooling off period," it discourages strikes, but does not prohibit such action for employees not directly related to citizens' safety.

Margaret Blackshere was the lone supporter of collective bargaining for faculty when she was a member of the SIU Board of Trustees in 1977. She is a "strong supporter of collective bargaining," Blackshere said.

"House Bill 800 is our No. 1 priority," Blackshere said. "The Chicago situation has clouded it." She agreed with Hanahan that a public employees' union would have asserted the Chicago firefighters' strike.

Amendment No. 1 to House Bill 800 states, "Experience has demonstrated that unresolved disputes in the public service are injurious to the public, governmental agencies, and public employers."

"Experience has further proved that protection of the right of public employers to organize and bargain collectively safeguards the public business from injury, impairment, or interruptions, and promotes public business by removing certain recognized sources of strife and unrest, by encouraging a free and open exchange of ideas between employers and employees.

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The bus route, a 30-minute loop around campus, will be run by Campus Transit. Women's Safety Transit, which is also run by Campus Transit, will continue to operate as part of an overall campus safety program, Busch said.

"Because of the 90-cent safety fee that will be assessed of students beginning summer semester 1980, funding for the safety bus for the remainder of this semester-$11,900--was obtained from "fallout monies," Busch said.

Fallout monies become available each year from faculty positions that were budgeted for but remained vacant. The funding for the bus and for women's safety transit will be replaced by funds generated by the safety fee for the year.

Busch said the board expects about $18,000 to be generated by the safety fee.

Harry Worth, director of campus transit, said his office can guarantee the board a price for operating the bus by May 24.

The bus will make stops in its loop around campus. The route will include stops at Southern Hills and Evergreen Terrace apartment complexes. It will also make stops at Wilson Hall, the Wall Street Quadrangles, Lewis Park and Georgetown Apartments. All of the bus stops are connected with the "brightway" system, a network of lighted paths on campus, Busch said.

The bus will operate from dusk until midnight for the rest of the semester.

During the summer the board will evaluate the bus system and consider any changes that might be necessary. Ginny Hoffman, Woman's Services representative to the board, said the bus would not be needed during the summer because there will not be enough people on campus to justify the expenditure.

Busch suggested that additional security be assigned to foot guards during the summer. The bus is available to any employee, student or other person with some sort of a relation to the University, Busch said. He added that students who will not be required to show their ID and fee statement to ride the bus.

DE break hours

The next issue of the Daily Egyptian will be published Tuesday, March 25. The business office will be open over spring break from 8 a.m. to 12 p.m. and 1 to 4 p.m. Monday through Friday.
Burglars find their task easy when students are the victims

EDITORS NOTE: Students are the most common victims of burglary, particularly during vacations. In this, the last segment of a two-part article, reporter Leanne Murphy looks at what Carbondale police are doing to prevent crime.

By Leanne Murphy

Staff Writer

"It’s difficult to recover stolen property because SIUC students, the most common victims of burglary, move in and out of the city with each semester," Murphy said.

"The rate of recovery is not good. We have a transient population, and stolen items can be bought and sold through many different avenues," Carbondale Police Lt. Terry Murphy said. Another reason property is easily disposed of by thieves is that in many cases, police cannot record the serial numbers on their property so tracing the property is difficult.

Although SIUC students are primary targets for thieves, they are not the only primary burglary offenders. Youths, between the ages of 2 and 16, are the most common burglary offenders in the city and are often committing burglary in Carbondale because they "know the possibility of their becoming involved in any serious penalty is very low," Murphy said.

The Illinois Juvenile Court Act provides a variety of safeguards for juveniles who range from the process and extent of an arrest involving juvenile to the juvenile’s trial.

In some cases, they are not allowed to accept merchandise for sale by juveniles. Stolen property is often sold to students who may buy the item without realizing it is stolen. The price may be low. If it can be proven that an item purchased was stolen, the thief is liable to the owner of the property. According to Murphy, the police department is working to stop the illegal purchase of stolen property.

The Carbondale Police Department recently received a grant from the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Commission, a state-level central clearinghouse for federal public safety money, to establish a Juvenile Crime Prevention Investigation System in Carbondale. According to Tom Murphy, a case worker at the police department, the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Commission grant, which was approved in December, will be used to purchase a video display terminal that will allow the department to collect and analyze pertinent crime statistics and will allow police to more efficiently gauge property trends in the city.

The project, named the Burglary Analysis Group (BAG), will also allow police to provide members of the community with information on how they may become actively involved in burglary prevention by providing them with crime data and prevention information.

"When in full operation, the Burglary Analysis Group will provide operational data for patrol and for investigations which will include additional information on methods of operation, geographical incidence, and time incidence," McNamar said.

According to Carbondale Police Lt. Tom Busch, who is the coordinator of the BAG, the community is beginning to see the results of the grant.

"Property that was lost to the city’s southeast quadrant, which was bounded by Main Street on the north, Giant City Road on the east, Pleasant Hill Road on the south and university bight on the west, has been identified as the area where much of the crime is occurring," Busch said.

The area contains a highly concentrated number of apartment complexes that are occupied by students. Included in this area are Lewis Park Apartments, Georgetown Apartments, Dunn Apartments and Circle Park Apartments.

The crime peak time for burglary is between 8 p.m. and 6 a.m., according to Busch.

"Burglary is very common in that area, and it’s theft of property that the Carbondale police are most concerned with," Busch said.

Another avenue city police are using to prevent property from being stolen is to talk to convicted burglars. By talking to them, police can find out what items are being sold or discarded. Police can then locate the original owner and alert him of the theft.

"Another primary targets for burglars are apartments, stores and businesses. Burglary is the second most common crime in the city," Busch said.

"The police on the city’s east side will be providing a report to the people who are home-owners and that will include information on how they can prevent their property from being stolen," Busch said.

The police department also wants people to report stolen property and will not only help them with the investigation, but will also keep the record of the item at the department for a possible future use.

"We will be able to prevent property from being stolen in the future and prevent people from losing money," Busch said.
**Letters**

**Love affair with the DE?**

I don’t know how Pete Alexander does it. Even though he knows of his love affair with the DE, yet he gets a 2.50 gpa editorial publisher. He must really have pulled the Obelisk off guard. To think that the DE can’t even run a word of a Student, Biel it 11 the DE to run a word Campus Brief it sold out the Obelisk II staff didn’t even run a word in the DE.

Three times in the last month, the Obelisk has sent an announcement concerning Obelisk II scholarship applications to the DE. Student. A message telling students that a $2000 scholarship application is available should have been run in Campus Briefs. We tried three times and were totally ignored.

As a student organization, the Obelisk II yearbook has never been funded by USO since 1972. Revenue comes totally from the student body. We cannot afford to advertise every program—or the yearbook—in the DE, so we have turned to Campus Briefs and public service announcements as an outlet to students. Radio has treated our public service announcements with promptness. I can’t say the same for the DE.

I understand that there has been a paper shortage, and that there may have been room for the Obelisk II Campus Brief. But then why does Pete Alexander get a full page to air his gripes?

If there is a paper shortage, I think that a 50-word Campus Brief that offers money to students to participate in the student body that the gripes of USO. Don’t get me wrong, I think that Pete Alexander’s gripes were warranted. I think the DE thinks of the Obelisk II as a competitor and doesn’t want to live us a free plug. I’m sure glad the East Side Story (the east campus paper) ran a short announcement about the scholarship. It would have helped the Obelisk II because it was run in the DE. Campus Briefs knows about it. A few people even applied for it.

Joel Wiatkis, Obelisk II Editor in Chief

**Students just stepping stones**

Wow Pete: A whole page of rhetoric and a portrait of you, just to respond to a few editors—(March 7 DE). Impressive. But, it seems to me that you have a guilty conscious about flying around the country, before USO has, as you term, “a firm hand on SIU-C domestic problems.”

Pete, if you can stand the heat don’t get out of the kitchen. But, calling concerned students “naive,” who only realize they have been misled and used as a “stepping stone” by their resident representatives is a low blow. For you Pete, you are the naive one. Don’t you think that you can’t deliver, and naive enough to think we won’t notice. We notice.

Check 18th century novel

The story of “Paul and Virginia” (March 8 DE) questions the source of the name for the vandalized statue. May I suggest that you consider the 18th century novel “Paul and Virginia” by Jacques Henri Bernard de Saint-Pierre as a possible source. — Edm. C. Galbraith, Professor of Zoology

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**Commentary**

**ROTC students serving country—mainly for bucks**

By Craig DeViere

Staff Writer

Anyone looking for an impression of student consciousness has changed in the past 10 years need look no further than the nearest ROTC recruiting statistics.

ROTC, once a filthy word on college campuses, is now accepted, according to the Director of Student Services. And plans are now underway to bring back the first Army ROTC program.

To dedicated followers of the anti-war movement, which only a decade ago burned fervently on this campus, these must be disturbing occurrences.

What these developments seem to say is that student consciousness is trading in a strong belief in human potential for the career benefits that the war industries can offer. Advocates of the ROTC use the platitude that ROTC is a like an insurance policy—say that the renewed interest in the military stems from a desire for security and patriotism. All indications say that a strong majority of these enrollees will become first assistant sergeants. Rotc students are seeing green. Money green.

One ROTC student estimated that the percent of the student body enrolled in the SIU-C Air Force ROTC program are for the career benefits offered and the increased student interest in the Air Force program, said the

Jackson County needs an aggressive and an attorney. We have the state's attorney John Clemens looking for a man most capable to do the job.

The 34-year-old Elwood C. Starks, a native comes across with more definite ideas than the three other candidates he'll be facing in Tuesday's primary election. The winner of the Republican primary will face Washington Kimmel, the only Republican candidate running for state attorney. A Clemens-Kimmel contest would give the voters quite a race.

Clemens advocates limited police and believes that the increased police will result in more police exacting punishment. Advocates of ROTC program.

If elected, Clemens says he would begin a community program, which he hopes will provide special aid to victims of crimes and other individuals who are suffering of crimes.

A 4-12 year veteran of the Jackson County, Starks was once a member of the Air Force. Clemens has had some cases tried before him in the past, but he doesn't believe any other candidate has offered as many ideas and plans for the justice system.

The three other Republican candidates for state's attorney are Washington Kimmel, Bill K. Schwartz, and Joseph L. Comer. All indications say that Schwartz's proposal for systematically moving up to the highest level of the department would give the voters a strong majority of those who are able to handle the job.

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A strong majority of those who are able to handle the job.
Letters

Need low-technology energy solutions

In response to an article concerning the wasteful policies of the Institute of Natural Resources (INR) [DE], I would like to add my own experiences with renewable energy.

It has long been my observation that bicycle riding, which consumes less energy than most other transportation schemes, can be an energy-saving alternative. The bicycle is a superior transportation mode. Accordingly, I was interested in hearing about INR's plans to develop a system for碳酸而 and the SUIC campus. Bicycles are an ideal personal opinion is that while high technology research is important, it must be continued, such research should not be done to the neglect of renewable technologies and energy efficient solutions to the problems of a sustainable society. Conservation and energy bicyclists are just as "smart" as those who believe in nuclear fusion and I would be well advised to include them in our programming.

The emphasis that shifted to high technology programs. The person I was working with ultimately left INR.

Evolutionary authorities consulted

Jan Honeck's letter "Science distorted by letter writer" (March 5 DE) suggested the need for evolutionary authorities on origin of life. My reply.

Dr. George Gaylord Simpson on "missing links": "Almost all of transitional forms is not confirmed. The mystery of transitional forms is almost an undemonstrable phenomenon, as has long been noted by paleontologists."

Emile Borel on mathematical probability states that if something does not occur with the probability of one in 10^100, it is termed "impossible" by science. The probability of forming proteins and DNA for the first self-replicating entity given all the molecules of the universe recombining once per second in a universe similar to earth, assuming there's one million earths with ideal conditions for life, and the universe is 10 billion light years old, is 10 to the 167.823 power.

A small bite of the theory of evolution itself is a theory universally accepted not because it can be proven by logical coherent evidence to be correct but as an alternative, special creation, in clearly incredible.

Erosion is incredible, then is it one in 10^100? 2.9436 x 10^100 power. - Curt Caldwell, De Soto

Housing staff not 'narc squad'

This letter is to all who feel University Housing is a "narc squad". The staff of University Housing has one major goal provide for the residents an environment of academic and social learning experiences.

Every resident has the opportunity to receive a new guidebook which clearly spells out University Housing rules, policies and procedures. Even if a resident does not read it, he is in some way informed by either his peers, a floor meeting, or personal contact with his Housing representative. To think that a resident is not informed if they are not entered. If you stop to think for a moment about the importance of guideline in any institution, the Resident Coordinator will discover that all well-established organizations operate more efficiently when there are standards to follow.

If a student finds alcohol in the possession of a resident, the student has a right to see the consequences. If a student resides in a residence hall, the student's rights are of freshman and sophomore status. This means that a vast majority of

Optimize Muslim nation unity

Recently I attended a University Forum Committee meeting. I have one comment to make after the meeting.

The discussion went really well. The whole point that was made on the divisions in Islam, the religion of hundreds of millions of Muslims, and the Muslim nation. I wish the concept were to be set into itself because it only complicates the perpetrator problem. It does not interest in understanding the natures of Islam.

In Islam, we believe in one God and no one but the God. From the words of Jesus" God is one" it means the only God. Allah is the name of the God. The Holy Book of Muslims and nothing else is It is the future of the Muslims. God has not written anything in the Quran to favor any nation and honors it, but it is stated in the Quran that the human soul can lead him to evil doings.

The first step to devastation and confusion is to break up the society and hence understand Islam in the world. I urge you to hear me out.

Members of the Muslim Student Association may try to carry on religious, social and other activities and to have friendly contacts and relationships between Muslims and non-Muslims and especially Americans.

We want to optimize the Muslim nation unity because we Muslims, Africa and Asia are Muslims of the nation of Islam. How else can one want talk about divisions in Islam? - Faisal M. Hijjazi, Junior, Engineering

Succumbing to parking rip-off?

I have a question, the answer to which escapes me: The facts to thousands of students know there is not enough student parking near Foster, therefore one must park in metered parking even though we current residents buy parking stickers. Metered parking requires quarters, and the hill change is beyond the Interior Student Center (one who does not have quarters in the room) must go there, therefore, stop at the Student Center to get the quarters. The HIU police will not allow anyone to "park", even for five minutes in front of the Student Center.

The question: How does one book the quarters to park when one must park to get the quarters, and the hill change is beyond the Interior Student Center (one who does not have quarters in the room) must go there, therefore, stop at the Student Center to get the quarters. The HIU police will not allow anyone to "park", even for five minutes in front of the Student Center.

Please return class notes

On March 6, my backpack was either accidentally taken or stolen from Lenz Hall. It was taken from the Student Center.

If it was stolen, I am appealing to the schools in which I can be returned. You can have the backpack, calculate the evidence, and then be returned the red finder with my class notes inside and my greedy conscience. You can drop them off at the Student Center, or the Lenz Hall service desk. There will be no questions asked.

I am not sure if the backpack is in the possession of a resident, the draft cards, physical exams or classification, and the student must be sure to fill out the registration form which would be stored in the Service System computers. The situation could then be handled in case of a national emergency.

No one was born to stop a bullet, officer, or to violate the country he called. This country has given me more than I'll ever be able to repay. Including my life. I am not ready to fight for my life, but I must for my country and belief.

This time President Carter needs the support of the American youth. We need anti-war activists, organizers or the shock troops of draft cards. We need all Americans who give their lives and maintain order to let them live. We need freedom. We need all free Americans who give their lives and maintain order to let them live. We need freedom. We need all free Americans who give their lives and maintain order to let them live. We need freedom. - Richard F. Erbait, Freshman, Radio and Television

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Schwartz says port dispute may constitute 'political ploy'

By Diana Penner
Staff Writer

The controversy surrounding Jackson County Board Chairman Bill Kelley's appointment to another local commission may be politically motivated, some Jackson County officials have charged.

On Wednesday the Jackson County Board members and Jackson County State's Attorney William Schwartz have indicated that the recent dispute over Kelley's appointment to the Jackson-Union Port Authority may have been generated by one of Schwartz's opponents for state's attorney in next week's primary election.

Kelley's appointment to the board, the county board, and the appointments of three other port authority members by municipal governing boards are members of have been reported to be illegal. (These kinds of appointments have been going on for 40 years, and now it's an issue. What made it an issue? They won't put that in the paper.)

Chairman Gene Chambers said at Wednesday's board meeting.

Schwartz said after the meeting that the fact that "the story was generated at this time" indicates that it may be a political ploy.

"The timing, as well as the hate of the articles, indicates that the issue was orchestrated to be a candidate for office," Schwartz said.

Kelley said "it is peculiar that the issue came up at this time in a report to the board. Schwartz has requested an opinion from the Illinois Attorney General's office on the appointments to the port authority. He said he also requested Rep. Bruce RichmonD, D-Murphysboro, to look into the legality.

Shawn Denney of the opinion division of the attorney general's office in Springfield said last week that the appointments appear to be in violation of a statute that prohibits county board members and city aldermen from serving on other governing boards, unless such appointments are specifically exempted by statute.

However, Schwartz said that the specific nature of the port authority make-up overrides that statute Schwartz said the state creating the port authority requires the county board to appoint a representative to the authority.

The 20 member port authority is composed of 17 members from municipalities, four appointments by the governor, and one representative of the Jackson County and Union County boards.

Kelley said all appointments will be sent to the attorney general's office for review.

Center hours set

The Student Center will be closed this Sunday and Saturday, March 22. The bookstore, cafeteria, craft shop, pizza parlor and restaurant will be closed through the break. The building will be open from 7 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday and Friday during break. On Sunday, March 23, the building will be open from 9 a.m. to 11 a.m.

Young lecture funded

By Mimi Jarzemska
Staff Writer

A lecture by former U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations Andrew Young, scheduled April 21 to Shryock Auditorium, will be partially funded by the Graduate Student Council.

At Wednesday's meeting, the GSC approved a $500 allocation to co-sponsor the lecture.

Bona Sebestyen, a graduate student in the Office of Student Development, told the GSC that the fee for Young's lecture, sponsored by the Model U.N. Assocation and the International Student Council, is $1000.

Other student organizations have been asked to consider sponsoring the lecture to include the Undergraduate Student Organization, the Black Affairs Council and the Inter-feminist Council.

In other business the GSC passed a resolution requiring Acting President Hiram Lilet and Chancellor Kenneth Shaw to seek a special appropriation from the legislature for the renovation of Davies Hall.

A resolution supporting a faculty salary increase of 13 percent to keep up with the rate of inflation and a resolution opposing a recommendation that tuition increase by the Illinois Board of Higher Education were also approved by the council.

Conference grants offered

The application deadline for two $1000 scholarship grants for a Springfield conference on gerontology is Tuesday, March 25.

Coleen Dulin of the Office of Social Welfare said interested students must submit a brief essay describing their interest in attending the conference and should list past experience in the field and working with older people.

The conference will be held March 31 and April 1 at Sangamon State University. Two sessions will be scheduled, one called "Ethical Decisions: Who Decides for the Elderly?" and the other dealing with the meaning and implications of terminal care.

Applications will be accepted from any student enrolled at NIU who expects to be available in the Office of Social Welfare in Quadley Hall.

Special thanks to the Office of Student Development for the information on the Young lecture. The Wine Store

EASTGATE LIQOR MART

Well & Walnut

St. Patrick's Day Sale

(Friday thru Monday)

The Wine Store

EASTGATE LIQOR MART

Well & Walnut

St. Patrick's Day Sale

(Friday thru Monday)
Survey predicts Carter, Bush to receive strong party support in Illinois primary

By Gregg Ochoa
Student Writer
and Dave Powers
Staff Writer

A telephone poll, taken in late February by journalism students in a public affairs reporting class, does not reflect changes in voter opinions as the result of other state primaries held since the survey was conducted.

"When asked how they would vote if the election were held today," 90 percent of those polled who were sure they would choose a Democratic ballot in the Illinois primary said they would support Carter. Sen. Edward M. Kennedy was a distant second (20 percent), but still well ahead of California Gov. Jerry Brown (14 percent). The remaining respondents were uncommitted.

On the Republican side, Bush was backed by 35 percent of those who were sure they would choose a Republican ballot, while Ronald Reagan was supported by 21 percent. John Connally was third with 20 percent of respondents, and Tennessee Sen. Howard Baker, Illinois Congressman Phillip Crane and former vice-presidential nominee Robert Dole, combinedly, Baker and Dole have since dropped out of the race.

Respondents were divided between registered and non-registered voters. Anderson's support moved ahead of both Reagan and Connally.

Twenty percent of the registered voters who were sure they would choose a Republican ballot supported Anderson. Of the registered voters, 17 percent of those polled belong to the Republican party, according to the results of a recent public opinion survey of both registered and non-registered voters, conducted and analyzed by the Survey Research Center.

As another presidential election draws near, more and more people are turning their attention towards their home-state primaries—especially those who are sure they would choose a Democratic ballot in the Illinois primary. The results are based on information obtained through telephone interviews from randomly selected numbers in the Murphy-Carbondale-Decatur telephone book. The interviews were conducted between 7 and 9 p.m. on Feb. 21 through 24.

"The survey," said an official for the Illinois Department of Public Affairs, "was conducted by the newspaper's staff, and the results are not representative of the opinions of all registered Illinois voters.

The survey was conducted by the Daily Egyptian's staff, and the results are not representative of the opinions of all registered Illinois voters.

Primary election prompts survey

A poll conducted for the Daily Egyptian between Feb. 21 and 24 asked potential voters in the Jackson County area who they would vote for if the election was held today.

As another presidential election draws near, more and more people are turning their attention towards their home-state primaries—especially those who are sure they would choose a Democratic ballot in the Illinois primary. The results are based on information obtained through telephone interviews from randomly selected numbers in the Murphy-Carbondale-Decatur telephone book. The interviews were conducted between 7 and 9 p.m. on Feb. 21 through 24.
Survey respondents say law should allow open primaries

By James O'Connell
Student Writer

A survey conducted by journalism students revealed that 721 out of 1,080 respondents, or 66.44 percent, favored a change in Illinois law to allow open primaries.

Among the reasons most cited were an opportunity to vote for the man and not the party, and an ability to vote without revealing one's political party. The 25-year-oldSetText woman said that at her age marriage is going to tell her what to do.

Those opposed to open primaries said the people should be committed to their party, and if they really have party loyalty they don’t need to see the other side.

However, John Jackson, acting dean of the graduate school, discounted the results. "Most people don’t understand the significance of the open and closed primaries," Jackson said.

Jackson, a political science professor and an active Democrat, said that the respondents were simply responding to "closed" rather than weighted the merits of the opposing systems.

"Illinois does not really have a closed primary," he said. "A voter may vote for the candidate regardless of whether he is a Democrat or Republican.

This system can cause Independents to have an influence on the primary because they will usually choose to vote in the tighter races," Jackson said.

This Tuesday, the Independent vote may result in an extraordinarily good showing for the Republican candidates.

The survey showed that 28.5 percent of the respondents consider themselves Independents, while 6.5 percent consider themselves Republicans and 27 percent answered Democrat.

Jackson said he would favor a more restrictive primary which would not allow Independents to participate in the primary election.

Dependents have to pay a price for being Independents," he said.

Robert Harrell, Jackson County clerk, agrees that a primary should be a party affair. He said that the current Illinois law allows voters to vote for the weakest candidate in the opposing party to ensure their own party’s candidate a victory in the general election.

However, Harrell opposes a change in Illinois law because forcing people to register as Democrat or Republican would lax a whole new layer of bureaucracy on the system, as well as scare some people away from the election process.

An open primary law, such as those in Minnesota, Michigan and Idaho, allows voters to take ballots of both parties into the voting booth and secretly select the party’s ballot they will vote for.

Jesse Brown, instructor in political science, said closed primaries strengthen party ties by allowing party leaders to accurately gauge their relative strength on the basis of the primary vote.

"A real closed primary law would be a big step toward revitalizing political parties in Illinois," he said. "Strong political parties can recruit candidates that result in high quality office holders."

Democratic Committee Chairman Ray Chance said political parties in Southern Illinois are not as strong as they could be because the voters have no rewards to offer loyal party workers.

County lawyers recommend

10 of 11 judge candidates

By Diana Pinder
Staff Writer

Of the 11 candidates on the ballot for the Jackson County primary election Tuesday, only one was not recommended for reelection in a poll of county lawyers, according to a statement released by the Illinois State Bar Association.

Robert Mayes, Democratic candidate to fill the vacancy of Judge Edward Ehlerspacher of the 5th Judicial District Appellate Court, received 46.12 percent points. A rating of at least 70 percent is recommended for re-election.

The other 10 candidates received enough votes for recommendation, but none received the 90 percent points needed for a high recommendation, according to the poll.

Southern Illinois is in the 5th Appellate District and Jackson County is included in the 1st Judicial Circuit.

According to a news release of the ISBA, a "not recommended" rating does not reflect on a candidate’s ability as a lawyer, but indicates that the candidate’s colleagues did not wish to recommend him for judicial office for various reasons.

Lawyers in Illinois were asked to answer 15 questions about judicial candidates in their circuit or district, according to the chairman of the ISBA Committee on Judicial Advisory Polls.

The questions dealt with the candidate’s temperament, legal ability and court management. The candidates’ opponents expressed opinions to the 5th Appellate Court judge. Paul Walker Jr. was recommended highest with 91.66 percent points. Ronald Niemann and Horace Calvo received 82.99 and 56.12 percent points respectively.

All three were Democrat.

Missie Harrington, Democratic candidate to fill the vacancy of Judge George Moran of the 5th Judicial District Appellate Court, received 84.63 percent points.

There are no candidates on the Republican ballot for Moran’s or Ehlerspacher’s positions.

Democrat Howard Hood received the highest rating, 91.75 percentage points, for a judge of the 1st Judicial Circuit Court to replace Judge Peyton Kunce.

Stanley W. Nyrums, Democratic candidate for the same position, received 79.34 percentage points. Republicans Bernard Paul and William South received 71.75 and 73.17 percentage points respectively.

Republican Kenneth Powless, candidate to fill the vacancy of Judge John Clayton of the 1st Judicial Circuit Court, received 81.11 percentage points. His Democratic opponent, Robert Howerton, received a rating of 80.74.

Those who are registered to vote in Jackson County but will be gone during spring break may vote absentee at the Jackson County Courthouse.
Bush nominated in mock primary

By Jeffrey Smith
Staff Writer

George Bush wants to gain the notoriety concurrently that many political analysts claim he doesn't have. He should take his campaign to the Carbondale Community High School.

On March 15, the former American government class at the Carbondale High School sponsored a mock primary election to select the Democratic and Republican candidates. George Bush won the Republican primary receiving almost 38 percent of the votes, but Harold Emme, instructor in the former government program, said only a small number of students participated.

"Most of the students did not vote," Emme said. "Only 125 voted in the Republican presidential primary, but percentage-wise it is probably equal to the national average."

Emme said the class announced the elections a week before and students were allowed to vote in only one of the primaries. Concerning the Republican mock primary, Emme said the results were a little confusing because Bush won the presidential primary, but Richard Lambert, a delegate committee to Reagan, placed second in the delegate vote. Howard Olson, an instructor in animal industries at SIU-C and also a delegate candidate committed to Bush placed first in the delegate race with 66 votes.

"It's beyond my ability why they voted this way," Emme said. "It's beyond my ability why they voted this way.

Some 'hot' races expected to welcome voters at polls

By Diana Penner
Staff Writer

Jackson County voters headed for the polls to vote in Tuesday's primary will have the opportunity to select several hotly contested races and some not so hotly contested races.

The race for U.S. Senate is perhaps the most competitive, with five Democrats and three Republicans vying for their party's nominations to replace Democrat Adlai Stevenson, who is not running for reelection.

The Democratic candidates are Illinois Secretary of State Alan Dixon, Chicago attorney Anthony Trigona, Chicago attorney Alex Seth, Evanston banker Robert Wallace, Collinsville attorney Daniel Crissman and Ed McGan of Carbondale.

The Republican Senate hopefuls are Dick Carver, mayor of Peoria; David D. O'Neill, Illinois lieutenant governor; and William Scott, Illinois attorney general.

Dixon, Seth, Wallace and Crissman participated in a debate in the Student Center last week and attacked each other as well as each other's stands on issues.

The Republican race is highlighted by Scott's tax fraud trial. Although the trial appears to be drawing to a close, the case is not expected to go to the jury until Thursday — two days after the primary.

The race for the Democratic nomination for Jackson County state's attorney has also seen some competitive campaigning. Incumbent William Schwartz has also been running for his second term.

In the race for state's attorney, William Schwartz and attorney John Clemons are running for the Democratic nomination in November.

Republican Don Ragdale is running for the second spell term as Jackson County coroner. Ragdale completed two years of an unexpired term before being elected to the position in 1976.

Gregory Meridith, owner of Meredith Funeral Home, is running for coroner on the Democratic ticket.

James Kerley is running unopposed for the clerk of the Circuit Court.
Survey cites campaign issues

Jacqueline Komisaruk
Staff Writer

As the campaign for the 1980 presidential election gains momentum, local residents and pollsters are focusing on domestic policy issues, with a particular emphasis on inflation. A recent telephone survey conducted by professional pollsters included 1,200 respondents.

Inflation, energy, and draft registration took priority over foreign policy issues in survey results. Thirty percent of respondents cited inflation as one of the most important domestic issues. A major problem facing the country, it seems to many respondents, is the combined share for foreign policy matters, which was 31 percent.

Among the domestic issues, respondents were asked to rank inflation, energy, and the draft as most important, and then to rank foreign policy matters. The combined score of these three issues was 91 percent.

Survey respondents, when asked to explain why they placed a high priority on inflation, uniformly cited the rising cost of living as the major cause. One respondent said, "I think inflation is the main issue right now because it's at the root of our freedom. Living free is a privilege without it, nothing else is worth living for." Another said, "Inflation is a major problem because it's a national issue, and it's been a problem for many years." A third respondent said, "I think inflation is the most important issue because we're all feeling it." A fourth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting our everyday lives." A fifth said, "Inflation is the main issue because it's affecting all of us." A sixth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A seventh said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A eighth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A ninth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A tenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A eleventh said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A twelfth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A thirteenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A fourteenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A fifteenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A sixteenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A seventeenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A eighteenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A nineteenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A twentieth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A twenty-first said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A twenty-second said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A twenty-third said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A twenty-fourth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A twenty-fifth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A twenty-sixth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A twenty-seventh said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A twenty-eighth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A twenty-ninth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A thirtieth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A thirty-first said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A thirty-second said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A thirty-third said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A thirty-fourth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A thirty-fifth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A thirty-sixth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A thirty-seventh said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A thirty-eighth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." 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A sixty-ninth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A seventieth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A seventieth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A seventy-first said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A seventy-second said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A seventy-third said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A seventy-fourth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A seventy-fifth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A seventy-sixth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A seventy-seventh said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A seventy-eighth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A seventy-ninth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A eightieth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A eightieth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A eighty-first said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A eighty-second said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A eighty-third said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A eighty-fourth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A eighty-fifth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A eighty-sixth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A eighty-seventh said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A eighty-eighth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A eighty-ninth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A ninetieth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A ninety-first said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A ninety-second said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A ninety-third said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A ninety-fourth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A ninety-fifth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A ninety-sixth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A ninety-seventh said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A ninety-eighth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A ninety-ninth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundredth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-first said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-second said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-third said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-fourth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-fifth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-sixth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-seventh said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-eighth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-ninth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-ten said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-eleventh said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-twelfth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-thirteenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-fourteenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-fifteenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-sixteenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-seventeenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-eighteenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-nineteenth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us." A one hundred-twentieth said, "Inflation is the most important issue because it's affecting all of us."
Many groups criticize judge election method

By Jeff L'Amore

Noted Illinois jurist, former Illinois Supreme Court Justice, James W. Harrison will be elected in November to join John M. Karno, Jr, at Belleville and Charles F. Jones of McLeansboro as an appellate judge for the 5th Judicial Circuit, encompassing Alexander, Jackson and 36 other Southern Illinois counties.

The General Assembly has not to date an elected judge or one of crystal ball to make this conclusion.

Judge Harrison of Madison County is unopposed in the Illinois Democratic primary and there is no Republican nominee to challenge him in November.

The other vacant appellate seat is being contested by the four candidates for the other Democratic nominations. There would be six candidates for the seat.

In effect, the two new appellate judges will be chosen for their term, and they will be chosen by Democrats who vote in the primary.

Superior Court justices are appointed by the governor from the list of three candidates chosen by merit commissions in each district.

The supporters of the merit selection concept include, among others, the League of Women Voters, the Illinois Manufacturers Association, the American Civil Liberties Union, Common Cause, the Bar Association, the Better Government Association, the Illinois Chamber of Commerce and the deans of all Illinois law schools, including the University of Illinois, the School of Law.

The nominating commissions would be composed of five men and women, appointed by the governor and approved by the Senate, and lawyers elected by other attorneys in the district involved.

After the three persons are nominated, there would be a 26-day period to allow the public and the bar to comment on the nominations. Then the governor would appoint one of the three to the judgeship.

At the first general election following a full year after the appointment, the judge would run on his record in a retention election.

Peyton H. Kuncle, a trial judge for 26 years, said, "I have always favored the plan and do favor merit selection."

Kuncle said that selection was a "preferred method for choosing judges because it would remove judges from politics and allow the judiciary much more independence."

"We're just whistling Dixie if we think we can completely eliminate politics from judicial selection," he said.

Robert T. Reper, assistant professor of political science, said there is no documentation to show that one system of choosing judges produces a higher quality than another. However, he said that the problem is not the definitions of judicial quality. "For instance," Reper said, "does a quality judge make law or apply law?"

Reper's belief is that the most important consideration in choosing judges may be the criteria that determine who is eligible.

According to the 1970 Constitution, an Illinois judge must be a licensed attorney and a resident of the unit that selects him.

A judge also must devote full time to his judicial duties. He cannot practice law, hold a position of profit, or hold any other public or political office. All judges also file annual statements of economic interest with the Administrative Director of the Courts.

Presiding Circuit Judge Richard E. Richman said that in his opinion it doesn't make a difference whether judges are elected or appointed.

Richman said he cannot predict how a candidate for judge will conduct himself until he has worked on the bench for a time.

Richman said a system for getting rid of bad judges is an important thing. In Illinois, the present system of retention requires an elected judge to file a declaration of candidacy to succeed himself. His name is put before the voters, without their party designation, on the question of whether he should be reappointed in office. The judge needs 50 percent affirmative answer from those who vote on the question for another term.

Only six judges in the state have failed to be retained since the first retention election in 1964. But the electorate seems to have become more inclined to use their retention power than they have in the past. Four of the judges were retired in the 1967 election.

The retention elections and the terms of office would be the same as in the merit selection system. The voters would also have the option of changing their circuit courts to the merit systems.

Group urges merit-based judge choice

The Committee on Courts and Justice is a not-for-profit corporation, and Project Merit Selection of Judges is part of the statewide effort to promote merit selection.

Donna Schiller, executive director of the committee, said that the constitutional amendment was introduced in the Senate by Richard Walsh, R-River Forest, and Dawn Netach, D-Chicago. She said that it passed out of the Senate Executive Committee and will probably be called for a vote on the floor of the Senate either April 8 or 15.

A constitutional amendment requires a three-fifths vote in both the House and Senate and then the voters must adopt by either a majority of those voting in the election or three fifths of those voting on the question. Schiller said that it is doubtful that the amendment can be passed by the May 4 deadline for the November general election.

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Daily Egyptian, March 14, 1980, Page 11
Carter, Bush to receive ‘strong support’

(Continued from Page 2)

the results of the poll. The majority of the independents who said they were ‘leaning’ Dekoven backed Carter, while those ‘leaning’ Republican were divided between Bush and Anderson.

Carter’s support consistently covered all age groups, income ranges and religious affiliations. When responses were tabulated separately by sex, Carter was still a strong favorite among both males and females.

Bush’s support was also strong across the board, except among those 26 to 35 years old and those earning more than $30,000 per year. Bush was the third choice of voters in this age group behind both Baker and Reagan and even with Reagan in this income category.

Reagan, who has scored impressive victories in several state primaries held since the poll was taken, has a strong base of support, according to the results of the poll. His support was consistent throughout all age levels and income ranges, only slightly below that of Bush. Reagan’s strongest support was among those 36 to 45 years old and those earning more than $30,000 a year.

Findings concerning Illinois’ Anderson did not reflect his narrow victory in the second round of the Massachusetts and Vermont primaries. Although he did not enter this week’s Southern primaries, Anderson’s support was visible.

According to the poll, Anderson’s support surged among those earning between $5,000 and $9,000 annually but fell among those 51 and older among other age groups and income levels. His support was a consistent 8 percent of those Republican who responded.

Specific party-related trends regarding candidate preferences included:

Age
18 to 25 year olds: Carter 35 percent Kennedy 15 percent Bush 12 percent Reagan 10 percent
26 to 35 year olds: Carter 44 percent Kennedy 13 percent Bush 10 percent Reagan 7 percent
36 to 50 year olds: Carter 32 percent Kennedy 14 percent Bush 9 percent Reagan 6 percent
51 years and older: Carter 42 percent Kennedy 22 percent Bush 7 percent Reagan 3 percent

Earnings
Conc!t 8 percent Baker 3 percent

Majority of the respondents said the coverage of the Iowa caucus had a little or no effect on their choice of candidates. Another 10 percent said their choice had changed as a direct result of the caucus coverage.

The poll showed that the majority of the respondents, dependent on television for information concerning political activities.

Although those polled overwhelming said they viewed the upcoming presidential election as ‘very important’, only 45 percent were aware that the Illinois primary was scheduled for March.

When asked if the media had placed too much emphasis on the Iowa caucus, the majority said yes. However, 60 percent of the respondents said the coverage of the Iowa caucus had a little or no effect on their choice of candidates. Another 10 percent said their choice had changed as a direct result of the caucus coverage.

The poll showed that the majority of the respondents, dependent on television for information concerning political activities.
The survey conducted for the Daily Egyptian of 326 potential voters in Carbondale and the surrounding area would have been a microcosm look at national trends if it had been published when it was completed on Feb. 24. Laboratory three weeks since the poll was taken turned the race for the state's Democratic nomination upside down. Among the Democrats, the past three weeks have solidified the lead President Carter has been building up over his opponents Edward Kennedy and Gov. Jerry Brown since late January. 

The most tumult has occurred in the Republican Party where the field of presidential aspirants has been whittled from seven to three contestants. The three major changes there are no longer any surprises are the demise of former Texas Gov. John Connally's candidacy, the rise of Illinois Sen. Albert Gore's and the lost momentum of Texas businessman George Bush. A plurality of 39 percent of those responding to vote Republican in the March 18 Illinois primary would have cast their ballots for Bush on Feb. 24, according to the survey.

Three weeks later, the ex-GI director and former ambassador to China is saying the Illinois contest will be a "washout" for those facing a true test of the Republican front runners. Before the New England primaries, Bush identified Illinois as a crucial state, as he said he would find time to fare well here despite a firmly entrenched well-organized campaign for the state's Democratic candidate, Gov. Daniel Orr. Now Bush is looking for a strong third-place finish.

The reason is Anderson, once thought to be the enigma among Republicans that Brower is among Democrats. The most recent polls by the Chicago Tribune and the Sun Times show Anderson plopping through Reagan and Bush to take the lead among Illinois Republicans. The Tribune gives the Rockford Congressman a slim 2 percent edge over Reagan and the Sun Times poll shows Anderson with a 5 percent lead.

Anderson's sudden prominence affects the race in both political parties. His lead among Republicans is drawn from Bush, whose decline in popularity matches Anderson's strength among Democrats. An amalgamation of liberal and conservative doctrines has also sapped the strength of the Kennedy campaign.

Those who intend to vote on the Democratic ticket Tuesday do not appear to have shifted their dispositions. Carter, the favorite on Feb. 24, still has the greatest chance to win the Illinois vote.

Aides: Simon has comfortable lead

By Karen Golle

Staff Writer

Despite his endorsement of the Rev. Jesse Jackson, Ind., Sen. Henry M. Jackson, D-Wash., has been identified as a major co-nominator in the 1980 presidential race since the late Sen. Edward Kennedy, D-Mass., for Democratic presidential aspirant and Rep. Paul Simon, D-Carbondale, appears to have the 24th Congressional District. According to Simon aides in the district office in Carbondale show a considerable lead in the 22 counties of the 24th District. District Director of Operations Ray Brown said Thursday the polls don't reflect a decline in Simon's support as a result of his endorsement of Kennedy because the Democratic ticket is Father's Day. Simon's endorsements, Arentsen apparently is running a one-issue campaign on behalf of the coal industry. Arentsen in newspaper ads and in the field is for being "pro-abort" and "one of Washington's biggest spenders."

The Arentsen woman Vickie Oten, Simon is personally opposed to abortion and does not support federally funded abortions and is in cases of rape, incest or physical damage to the mother. However, Simon is opposed to a constitutional amendment that would make abortion illegal. Oten-alc- astronaut Arthur P. Eisenhower, the Illinois legislature, is an issue that belongs the consumer Simon told the Tribune Thursday from Simon's Washington office.

The major issues Simon's campaign are the economy, inflation and energy. Simon said Simon supports a change in the computation method of the Consumer Price Index which he hopes will reduce government spending by decreasing federal payments for benefit programs that are tied to the rate of inflation. He opposes mandates wage and price controls but said he would implement such controls for 6-month period. Simon said. Concerning energy, Simon supports a national coal policy that would deal with the environment, employment and other factors of the industry. He supports an increase in the production of Illinois coal. Olen said.

The Illinois Republican candidate is John T. Anderson of Marion, Anderson, also the owner of public relations firm in Marion, ran against Simon in 1978 and took 24 percent of the vote. When announcing his candidacy, Anderson said a major component of his campaign is supporting the economic growth of Southern Illinois. He said he favors a relaxation of Environmental Protection Agency standards on the coal industry to increase coal production in Illinois. Anderson says the crash in military spending to ensure a strong military is an event of a military is a strong military. 

Art finalists vie for $20,000

By Rebecca Saxx

Student Writer

About $20,000 will be awarded to the art senior or seniors in the March 24 finals of the Pickard-Ziebold Award Competition. At 8 a.m. March 24, the doors to the Maroon Hall will be opened for box competing finalists to "take back" a space to set up their art works. Competition will not be open to the public. The winners will be announced shortly after the Art Department faculty is finished judging.

The Pickard-Ziebold Award will be presented to the winner or winners in the form of a direct cash award on April 8. The winning art works will be on display April 8 through 28 in the Mitchell Gallery, Quigley Hall. The award is jointly established by Pickard-Ziebold, a manufacturer of household products, and the School of Art. The award is one of the most prestigious in the Midwest and is presented to the School of Art annually to the "accomplishments of outstanding undergraduate student artists."

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This ad placed by: Martha Ziese, Bill Smith and Matt Wilcox. 418 W. Sycamore. C'dale

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Daily Epigone, March 14, 1980, Page 13
Carter, Bush to receive ‘strong support’

(Continued from Page 2)

the results of the poll. The majority of the independents who said they were leaning Democratic backed Carter, while those who leaned Republican were divided between Bush and Anderson.

Carter’s support consistently crossed all age groups, income ranges, religious affiliations. When responses were tabulated separately by sex, Carter was still a strong favorite among both males and females.

Bush’s support was also strong across the board, except among those 26 to 35 years old and those earning more than $30,000 per year. Bush was the third choice of voters in this age group behind both Baker and Reagan and even with Reagan in this income category.

Reagan, who has scored impressive victories in several state primaries held since the poll was taken, has a strong base of support, according to the results of the poll. His support was consistent throughout all age levels and income ranges, only slightly behind Bush. Reagan’s strongest support was among those 36 to 50 years old and those earning more than $30,000 a year.

According to the poll, Anderson’s support was viable. Among those earning between $5,000 and $9,999 annually, but (el) among those $10,000 and older. Among other age groups and income levels, his support was a consistent 5 percent of the electorate who responded.

Specific party-related trends regarding candidate preferences included:

Age

18 to 25 year olds:
Carter: 35 percent
Kennedy: 35 percent
Brown: 18 percent
Baker: 7 percent
Anderson: 5 percent
Reagan: 4 percent
Connelly: 1 percent
Cramer: 1 percent

26 to 35 year olds:
Carter: 47 percent
Kennedy: 34 percent
Brown: 11 percent
Baker: 9 percent
Anderson: 8 percent
Reagan: 7 percent
Connelly: 6 percent
Cramer: 6 percent

36 to 50 year olds:
Carter: 34 percent
Kennedy: 13 percent
Brown: 13 percent
Baker: 9 percent
Anderson: 7 percent
Reagan: 6 percent
Connelly: 6 percent
Cramer: 6 percent

Those earning $10,000 or more:
Carter: 50 percent
Kennedy: 11 percent
Brown: 14 percent
Reagan: 10 percent
Anderson: 14 percent

$20,000 or more:
Carter: 39 percent
Kennedy: 10 percent
Brown: 19 percent
Reagan: 11 percent
Anderson: 14 percent

Women:
Carter: 50 percent
Kennedy: 25 percent
Brown: 14 percent
Baker: 7 percent
Anderson: 6 percent
Reagan: 6 percent

Men:
Carter: 35 percent
Kennedy: 40 percent
Brown: 13 percent
Baker: 17 percent
Anderson: 8 percent
Reagan: 4 percent
Connelly: 1 percent
Cramer: 1 percent

Although those polled overwhelmingly said they viewed the upcoming presidential election as ‘very important,’ only 43 percent were aware that the Illinois primary was scheduled for March.

When asked if an independent candidate would change the outcome of the primary, 40 percent said the number of voters cast for the independent would have little or no effect on their choice of candidates. Another 36 percent said their choice had changed as a direct result of the primary coverage.

The poll showed that the majority of the respondents depended on television for information concerning political activities.

Friday’s puzzle

ACROSS
1. So American, 59 Continental (20)
2. It’s no soup for the suppers
3. Cuckoo
4. Need the remittance
5. Clunia
6. The — So Inder (12)
7. Bahamian
8. Stewid (6)
9. Glance
10. Fruits (7)
11. In品 (4)
12. Pia
13. Acre
14. Condoms (5)
15. Dons
16. Fosters (12)
17. Scones
18. Royal (6)
19. Specials (7)
20. Hug (5)
21. High (4)
22. Futs (10)
23. Dons
24. Pia
25. Heart (12)
26. British (6)
27. Pen (4)
28. Den (5)
29. Edition (12)
30. Scones
31. Specials (7)
32. Date (6)
33. Acre
34. Scones
35. British (6)
36. Pen (4)
37. Date (6)
38. Edition (12)
39. Scones
THURSDAY’S PUZZLE SOLVED

DOWN
1. Mark’s whistle (6)
2. A pair of slippers (4)
3. Presidents (4)
4. Fruits (7)
5. Famous (12)
6. Swell (4)
7. Pia
8. Futs (10)
9. High (4)
10. Pen (4)
11. Edition (12)
12. Date (6)
13. Date (6)
14. Pen (4)
15. Edition (12)
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17. British (6)
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Republican situation changed since voting survey conducted

By Joe Sobczyn
Associate Editor

So where is the volatility of the voters' mood more evident than in the race of the opinion polls that has confounded and confused all the popular notions and predictions in the 1980 presidential campaign?

The survey conducted for the Daily Egyptian of 326 potential voters in Carbondale and the surrounding area would have been journalism's gold mine if it had been published when it was completed on Feb. 24.

But the scant three weeks since the poll was taken turned the race for the Republican nomination upsidedown. Among the Democrats, the past three weeks have solidified the defeat of the lead President Carter has been building over his opponents Sen. Edward Kennedy and Sen. Jerry Brown since late November. The most tumult has occurred in the Republican Party where the field as presidential aspirants has been whittled from seven to three contestants. The three major changes—there are no longer any surprises—are the demise of former Texas Gov. John Connally's candidacy, the rise of Illinoisan John Anderson's and the last momentum of Texas businessman George Bush.

A plurality of those intending to vote Republican in the March 18 Illinois primary would have cast their ballots for Bush on Feb. 24 according to the survey.

Three weeks later, the ex- CIA director and former ambassador to China in saying the Illinois contest will be a "watershed" for his campaign.

A true test of the Republican front runners. Before the New England primaries, Bush identified Illinois as a crucial state and said he expected to do so with rival candidates. But New Hampshire has been a third-place finish. The reason is Anderson, once thought to be the runaway among Republicans that Brown is among Democrats. The most recent polls by the Chicago Tribune and the Sun Times show Anderson growing through Reagan and Bush to take the lead among Illinois Republicans. The Tribune gave the Rockford Congressman a slim 7 percent edge over Reagan and the Sun Times poll shows Anderson with a 5 percent lead.

Anderson's sudden prominence affects the race in both political parties. His lead among Republicans is drawn from Bush, whose decline in popularity matches Anderson's ascent. Anderson's sudden prominence marks a shift in the volunteers' mood. Those who intend to vote on the Democratic ticket Tuesday do not appear to have shifted their dispositions. Carter, the favorite on Feb. 23, still has the greatest chance to win the Illinois vote.

Aides: Simon has comfortable lead

By Karen Guillo
Washington

Despite his endorsement of Sen. Edward Kennedy, D-Mass., for the Democratic presidential nomination, U.S. Rep. Paul Simon, D-Ill., from Carbondale, appears to have a comfortable lead over his fellow Democrat and any Republican opponents for a representative of the 24th District, according to Simon aides in Carbondale and Washington. Simon has won four term in Congress and recently been re-elected by his district office in Carbondale, has a considerable lead in the 22 counties of the 24th District.

District campaign assistant Mary Anne Smith of Okawville, according to the 24th District, has enjoyed a considerable lead in the 22 counties of the 24th District. District campaign assistant Mary Anne Smith of Okawville, according to the 24th District, has enjoyed a considerable lead in the 22 counties of the 24th District. District campaign assistant Mary Anne Smith of Okawville, according to the 24th District, has enjoyed a considerable lead in the 22 counties of the 24th District. District campaign assistant Mary Anne Smith of Okawville, according to the 24th District, has enjoyed a considerable lead in the 22 counties of the 24th District. District campaign assistant Mary Anne Smith of Okawville, according to the 24th District, has enjoyed a considerable lead in the 22 counties of the 24th District. District campaign assistant Mary Anne Smith of Okawville, according to the 24th District, has enjoyed a considerable lead in the 22 counties of the 24th District. District campaign assistant Mary Anne Smith of Okawville, according to the 24th District, has enjoyed a considerable lead in the 22 counties of the 24th District. District campaign assistant Mary Anne Smith of Okawville, according to the 24th District, has enjoyed a considerable lead in the 22 counties of the 24th District. District campaign assistant Mary Anne Smith of Okawville, according to the 24th District, has enjoyed a considerable lead in the 22 counties of the 24th District. District campaign assistant Mary Anne Smith of Okawville, according to the 24th District, has enjoyed a considerable lead in the 22 counties of the 24th District. District campaign assistant Mary Anne Smith of Okawville, according to the 24th District, has enjoyed a considerable lead in the 22 counties of the 24th District. District campaign assistant Mary Anne Smith of Okawville, according to the 24th District, has enjoyed a considerable lead in the 22 counties of the 24th District. District campaign assistant Mary Anne Smith of Okawville, according to the 24th District, has enjoyed a comfortable lead.
A Film Review

The story begins with Loretta's family and shows the relationship between her and her father. All of the people in these scenes seem like real mountain folks, and some of them are. Loretta's personality and growth are painted truly through Spack, who even sings the country singer's famous ballads with realism and intensity.

"Coal Miner's Daughter" is just as much Doolittle Lynn's story as it is Loretta Lynn's. Lee Jones, a rugged, handsome actor, portrays the country music queen's husband. Jones plays the man who married Loretta when she was only 13. He is the husband who bought the singer a guitar, pushed her onstage and took her on the road.

It's about the love between Loretta and her husband and their changing relationship as she rises to stardom. It is about a naive girl saddled with a baby at the age of 18 who grew to become a woman with control of her life.

Filmed in Kentucky and Tennessee, the opening scenes of the movie authentically depict life in Butcher Holler, Ky., where Loretta was raised.

Holliman to be in two TV movies... one with beauties, one with beasts

LOS ANGELES AP - Earl Holliman, late of "Police Woman," has two TV appearances coming up that might be called beauty and the beast.

In the first, the ABC movie "Where the Ladies Go," he's the proprietor of an Oklahoma bar that caters to women. The movie premieres Friday night.

In the second, also on ABC, he's a student of the gorilla in the African republic of Rwanda. But for animal lover Holliman, the gorilla has the beauties, too, and he says their repulsions are just as astonishing a myth.

Holliman spent four years on NBC's "Police Woman," as Angie Dickinson's boss, Lt. Bill Crowley. It was his third and, he vows, his last series.

After "Police Woman," I didn't want to do anything unless it was a step forward, I waited a year and a half for the right thing to come along. It was worth it.

I got all kinds of offers, but I didn't want to work that hard. I own a theater in San Antonio and I'm going there in April to do 'Arsenic and Old Lace' for six weeks. I like being able to do what I want. The financial security of "Police Woman" allows me to do that.

Holliman said he almost didn't do "Where the Ladies Go" because he had only a week to prepare for the role.

I want to be able to work on a Southern accent," said Holliman, a Louisiana native who had lost his accent. "And I wanted to find out about running a bar. When I did Police Woman, I hung out with undercover cops and rode around in a black and white. I got to know what it felt like to be a cop.

Holliman recently did "Billy Crystal," a TV movie in which he played a former basketball player. He spent three weeks with a coach in Santa Monica. "I'd never played basketball before," he said. "That coach nearly killed me. He ran me around the court like I was a 14-year-old. But when the movie was finished I looked like a star player.

Grand Opening

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Everyone welcome -urry in and see what gas saving in style and comfort is all about

TJ McFly's Presents

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VISION - All Dr. Bumbay Stars

*Plus Your Very Special Friends from Chicago, We All Know Well

*Call T.J.'s for more info.

Page 16, Daily Egyptian, March 14, 1980
Elvis Costello's, 'Get Happy' rates best yet from him and 'New Wave'

By Craig DeVrieze
Staff Writer

Costello is one of the latest in a long line of rockers and innovators who have contributed to the modern rock sound. His latest album, 'Get Happy,' is a testament to his ability to create music that is both innovative and timeless. The album features a mix of sounds, from the straight rock of 'Black and White,' to the soulful ballad of 'Get Happy.'

The album opens with 'Black and White,' a song that uses a Carl Perkins guitar riff and a Motown beat to create a timeless sound. The song features Costello singing in a soulful style, which is a departure from his usual rockabilly sound.

The second track, 'Get Happy,' is a raucous rocker that features Costello's signature vocal style. The song is a celebration of life and a call to arms for the listener to take charge of their own happiness. The song is said to have been inspired by a letter from a fan who was struggling with depression.

As for the people's sake

WIDB, alumni to celebrate station's 10th anniversary

By Steve Hawkins
Staff Writer

Two hundred alumni of WIDB are expected to gather in Alexandria on April 30 to celebrate the station's tenth anniversary. The celebration is expected to feature a range of musical acts, including a reunion of the '60s rock band The Bells, who were one of the first bands to play on the station.

WIDB was one of the first public radio stations in the country, and it continues to be a leader in the field. The station has a strong commitment to community service and has been recognized for its innovative programming.

Bill Schwartz
Jackson County State's Attorney

Paid for by the Committee to Elect William G. Schwartz, 905 W. Cherry, Carbondale, Ill. Eugene C. Hunter, Treasurer.
Records

The next Blondie?

Pretenders need no training

By Ken Mac Garriole

"Who are the Pretenders?"

"The Pretenders are a group that can accomplish almost anything. They emphasize the rock elements, they have stopped wringing their hands about the sound failures of the past, and are looking ahead to the '80s with a vision, with the strength that the young groups provide."

"I heard this somewhere before..."

"It's possible"

"What's thesoundlike?"

If you gotta compare, think to Blondie. Are the Pretenders the new Blondie?"

The outright suggestive lyrics on some of their songs is reminiscent of early Blondie. A fairly vicious female fronted band that had a hit in the U.K. before making in-roads in the States. Blondie may indeed have left the way for a group like the Pretenders.

"I like Blondie. That's a nice. Here's a cookie."

What are some good songs on the Blondie album?

Their forte seems to be the slower, more listenable ballads, where lead singer Chrissie Hynde softens the tone of her voice, as in "Kid" and the Nick Lowe-produced single, "Stop Your Sobbing." When the Pretenders bust out, on rockers that don't mean a hell of a lot lyrically, they sound on good it. For example, "The 'Asil' and "Mystery Achievement."

"Christie who?"

Christie Hynde's voice seems to dominate when in the Pretenders. She fronts the band, provides lyrics, sex appeal. The tough but tender look of her red leather boots and jacket conflict with some of her softer songs. The in turn leaves a conflicting image and blurs any stereotype easily applied to her. That's a long sentence. She rocks, slows things down, spaces out, leaves much to the imagination...ahh, the mystery girl.

"So there's nothing but good songs."

Not quite. The Pretenders are four to listen to when one can understand what is being said. When the vocals falter, the songs sink. The beat goes on but it goes nowhere. Take the drive-in double-feature "Space Invader" and "Tattoed Love Days"...please. They've got to learn to pick and choose the material better, and pass up the 'cute' songs that are out of their musical range.

"They look punk."

Yeah, whatever that is. They're popular though.

"So what's thebottomline?"

The Pretenders: a group we won't have to train. Record courtesy of Plaza Records.

Joel's new album a sure hit at the expense of originality

By Karen Gello

The last time someone told me Billy Joel was getting too commercial, I scoffed. Admittedly, the Long Island singer-songwriter and virtuoso keyboardist switched gears on "52nd Street" with a slicker form of pop-rock, attracting a newer, larger audience in turn. But his music was not taking on a more mature context and "52nd Street" didn't wander too far from his basic originality.

Such is not the case on his latest LP, "Glass Houses." There are only a few brief moments on it in which his original sound emerges. Much of "Glass Houses" is devoted to the "hot funk, cool sound" and even though Joel says "it's still rock and roll to me," it spells commercial success to me.

Of course the album still contains a few McCartney-like softies and lyrical ballads, but they are overshadowed by the "new sound." The lyrics on the "waved" tunes are unconvincing and maybe Joel wanted them to be. Whether his point is to make a commercially successful album or take a stab at the new sound, you never know. "Glass Houses" is just a disappointment.

So instead of wasting space on the waved song, you'll hear them all on the radio soon enough; this review will zero in on the less punky tunes. The first side has a few, "You May Be Right" is one of them. The typical Joel delivery of a line of defiance mixed with arrogance is evident in this tune, so you know he hasn't changed too much.

The band sounds rock and roll tight. There's no problem with its beat on the less wavy tunes, which is more and more your cue for the beat on the others. Most of the band's efforts are too loud and meaningless. Joel's voice is a tour of moves around the guitars instead of the other way around.

"Don't Ask Me Why" is a pretty wholesome tune. Its only fault is pure honesty in a McCartney-like fashion. The lyrics of Joel tunes like this one have real potential, but need more refining so they sound less like Wings love-songs and more like Joel. (On to side two."

"I Don't Want To Be Alone" is a declaration of love honesty with a cynical tune. When Joel employs the tough city boy style that's characteristically New York in his songs, the result is a personal observation of life. Joel is sardonic in many of his tunes, but life is never too rough to keep him from enjoying it.

"You Were The Time" is one of those Joel ballads with a European flair like "Moving Out" on "52nd Street," which reflects Joel's background in the ethnic neighborhoods of New York. Half the tune is sung in French and its originality is pleasing to the ear.

The less said about the other tunes on the album the better. Judging from the air play these tunes have received and the number of albums that have already been sold, "Glass Houses" will be a hit. I think I'll take a pass on it and patiently wait for the next Billy Joel album. Record courtesy of Plaza Records.

St. Pat's Celebration

Let the Oasis bring out the Irish in you with Green Beer on Tap

Mystically Minded?

"Paths to Christ Consciousness."

A radio program of practice and discussion leading to higher planes.

WTAO FM 105

8:00am Every Sunday

St. Patrick's Day

Earth Week - 80

SIU Artists & Craftsmen

Come sell your work at the

"Whole Earth Festival"

Date: April 25 & 26 (Friday & Saturday)

Registration forms available at:
Student Center - 3rd floor
Student Development Office &
Student Environmental Center

Sponsored by Student Environmental Ctr.

The Great Escape

playing

Friday Happy Hour 4:00-6:00p.m.

and

Friday and Saturday Nights

Dave Roberts

Swinglet

Have a good Spring Break!

Happy Hour Specials 1-6p.m.

Free Popcorn

Widescreen T.V.

611 S. Illinois
Sports during break

WOMEN'S GYMNASTICS

The ladies gymnasts will spring break break practice at the 10:00 Midwest Regional meet March 21. Since the Salukis are not "hot" they won their last four dual meets to end the regular season weekend at Dekalb, the rest of the year in the Illinois State championship.

The meet, held at Central College, In State, Southeast Louisiana, was won by three different states. The Salukis are the all-state from the season. The meet was won by three different states.

Doug McGee and former University of Mississippi for his efforts. McGee said he'd heard very much about many of the participating schools. He'd heard much about many of the participating schools.

"If Harrington keeps on doing what she's doing, she'll be the meet's Most Valuable Performer," Coach Herb Vogel said. "She'll score a 37 in the all-around at the regionals. Lori Erickson and Judy Auld have our team first. Lori Erickson also took second in the all-around with a 9.10 score. The Salukis will be the No. 1 seed for the regional meet. Salukis have been ranked no. 130.00 of Missouri State in the regionals opponent. Last year, the Salukis finished third behind Kent State and Marquette. The Salukis are coached by Coach Lew LeFevre. The first time an SIU squad did not win the regional meet.

Vogel said Ohio State and Illinois also will be formidable opponents at Chicago. Vogel said he hadn't heard much about many of the participating schools. Morehead State had defeated Ohio State, 141.15-133.10. Vogel said he hadn't heard very much about many of the participating schools.

The six-man contingent which will represent SIU at Padre Island was decided upon last weekend by Styms. 

Doug Clemons, Rich Jarrett, Jim Hurst, Buck Poindexter, Mike Thompson and Todd O'Reilly will be the SIU participants in the 72-hour tournament. The top four scores will be totaled for the top eight finishers.

The Salukis' top regional squad did not win the spring break dual meet. The Salukis travel to Miami. In the Indoor Conference. The Salukis' top regional squad did not win the spring break dual meet.

The Salukis will begin a seven-game home stand one day after returning from the spring break trip. They'll host Greenville for a single game, then play two double-headers against Memphis and Ohio and another twi-weekend at St. Louis University.

With a spring break schedule that includes four matches in 10 days, the tennis team also will be busy. Coach Rich LeFevre's spring break squad will travel to the South with a 4-4 record. The team will visit Austin, Clemons, Big Ten, Georgia and Vassar. The Salukis have no matches scheduled on March 18 and 19.

The Salukis' top regional squad did not win the spring break dual meet.
Two Saluki grid assistants leaving

By Scott Stahmer

Two SIU football assistant coaches have resigned to take positions at other universities, it was announced Thursday.

Mark Barner, an offensive line coach for the past three years, is leaving his job at SIU to take a similar position at the University of Arizona, while Bill McConnell will be the defensive coordinator and defensive line coach at Boise State.

Barner is reported to be becoming an assistant coach at West Virginia University.

"I feel this is a tremendous loss to us," Saluki football Head Coach Tony Mason said Thursday. "They're our two best, football coaches and coaches as recruiters, our two best, everything they've been high school football assistants.

But Gottfried will not be looking for replacements for his assistants. He wants them to seek new opportunities in the coaching world as he expects them to be looking for coaching jobs as well.

"I'm so excited," Gottfried said. "They've been part of a topflight program. They'll be topflight program, and I wish them the best of luck in their future careers.

Ehreinhas has mixed feelings as swim career nears an end

By Dave Kane

Saluki swimmers Dean Ehrein and Vincent Wiggins have resigned to take other positions. Ehrein is accepting another position at SIU and Wiggins is accepting an offer to attend a college.

"It's a hard decision for me," Ehrein said. "I've been here for six years and it's been a great experience. It's time for me to move on and start a new chapter in my life.

But Gottfried said it was not a surprise and he expected to hear from them soon. Gottfried added, "I'm going to miss them as they're great young men and a good prospect for the future.

The Salukis, of course, have commitments from junior high school and college programs. We may take a look at players in the 6-64-6 high school program. We're looking for prospects and we have been impressed with our current players.

"I'm so excited to see them go," Gottfried said. "They've been part of a topflight program and I wish them the best of luck in their future careers.

Ehrein was accepted into a college program and Wiggins is taking another position. Gottfried added, "I'm so excited for them. They've been part of a topflight program and I wish them the best of luck in their future careers.

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The Salukis, of course, have commitments from junior high school and college programs. We may take a look at players in the 6-64-6 high school program. We're looking for prospects and we have been impressed with our current players.

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